

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 517, Vol. X.]

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1879.

[Price 6d.

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
FAMILY GROCERS
WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.
At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes	Candles: best brands
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground on the premises	Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands	Vestas, by approved makers
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf	Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies	Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanias, and Elemes
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles	Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
	Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOS.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior	Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sixes
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens	Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.	

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case	Moselle: No. 2
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case	Hock: Gold Leaf
Rum: Lemon Hart's	Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape	Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial.
Sherry: Gonzola, six diamond	Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Gin: J.K.Z. Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell	Cordials: assorted
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's	Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Claret: St. Julien's	Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse	Billies and pannikins
Gunpowder, caps, and shot	Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Long and short handled shovels	Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Spades, sluice forks	Iron boilers
Picks and pickhandles	Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Gold dishes, hose-pipes	Axes and axe-handles
Drills and drilling hammers	Nails, cut and wrought
Manilla and flax ropes	Tacks, clout and American cut
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils	Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Galvanised and corrugated iron	Cutlery, a large assortment
Stoves and piping	Carpenters' tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY AND CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac	Dress materials: wineceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Boys' do.	Flannels; Calicos, bleached and unbleached
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin	Blankets, rugs, quilts
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, Scotch twill, tweed	Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton	Cocoa and felt matting
Hosiery and hats	Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
	Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertights, halt-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boot
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.

N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete	China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket	

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

W. TALBOYS' NEW GROCERY QUOTATIONS.

New Season Tea, 1878-79 (Boxes of 12lb), 23s	Fresh Herrings, 8d per tin.
Cocoa (pound tins), 1s 6d	Lobsters, 10d per tin
Muscatsels, 1s 2d per lb	Salmon, 10d per tin
Jordan Almonds, 2s 3d per lb	Sardines (half-pound tins), 11d
Elemes, 7d per lb	Sardines (quarter-pound tins), 7d
Lemon Peel, 1s 5d per lb	Oysters, 7d per tin
Two-crown Soap, 12s per box	Tainish's Jams, 11d per tin
Three-crown Soap, 14s per box	Figs, 1s per box
Cheese, 10d per lb	Preserved Fruits, 2s.
Hams, 10d per lb	Pickles, 1s per bottle
Kerosene (Noonday), 12s per tin.	Candles 10d per lb

ABOVE PRICES ARE STRICTLY CASH.

Men's Elastic Sides, Lace-ups and Watertights, Colonial Made, 14s 6d.

A large stock of Ladies' and Children's Kid Boots (Copper Tocs), 4s 6d.

W. TALBOYS, LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

Cromwell Advertisements

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

In returning thanks to the Public of Cromwell and surrounding districts for past patronage, respectfully beg to inform them that, having been unsuccessful in disposing of our Cromwell branch, we have determined

TO CONTINUE BUSINESS,

And, with that view, have Replenished our Stock with a large and well-selected assortment of

DRAPERY, BOOTS, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS,

CROCKERY, IRONMONGERY & GROCERIES,

Which we are now offering at prices far below former quotations. We would specially draw attention to our Stock of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, BLANKETS, ETC.,

DIRECT FROM OUR OWN FACTORY, AS BEING OF VERY CHOICE VALUE.

AN EARLY INSPECTION SOLICITED.

AGENTS FOR

Robertson & Hallenstein's Silk-dressed Flour, Bran and Pollard.

A LARGE STOCK OF GRAIN AND PRODUCE ALWAYS ON HAND.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

W. TALBOYS' REDUCED PRICE LIST OF

WINTER DRAPERY, CLOTHING, &c.

Good Wineceys, 6d, 10d and 1s	Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing in Colonial and English Tweeds and makes
Satin Cloths, new shades, 1s 6d	Men's Suits, 37s 6d, 40s and 45s; Pagets, 50s
French Merinos, 2s, 2s 6d and 3s	Trousers and Vests, 17s 6d, 22s 6d and 25s
All Wool Plaids, 2s 11d	Trousers, Tweed, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, and 15s
Fancy Dress, 10s 6d, 12s 6d and 15s	White and Colored Moles, three crown, 9s
Black Silks, 60s; Colored, 50s (the Dress)	Coats, splendid stock new goods, from 17s 6d
Black and Colored Lustres, 11d and 1s 3d	Pilot Coats, from 22s 6d
Costume Cloths, 11d, 1s 3d and 1s 6d	Knit Drawers, 5s 6d, 7s 6d and 8s 6d
Horrocks' Calico, 5s 9d per doz	Serge Drawers, 7s 6d; Cotton, 3s
Unbleached Calico, 5s 9d per doz	Shirts, job lot, at 4s 6d; Crimean, 5s to 10s
Real Welsh Flannel, 1s 3d and 1s 6d	Flannels, large sizes, 5s 6d, 6s 6d and 7s 6d
Colored Flannels in Twill and Plain	Boys' Knicker Suits, 10s 6d, 15s and 17s 6d
White Blankets, 13s 6d per pair	Youths' Suits, 25s, 30s, and 32s 6d.
Colored Blankets, 14s—large stock	Men's White Embroidered Shirts
Sheeting, 72in, 1s 6d	Gent's Scarfs in great variety
Turkish Towels, 12s per doz	Tweeds, 3s 6d, 4s 6d and 5s 6d
Tweeds, 3s 6d, 4s 6d and 5s 6d	Bed Rugs, large size, 12s 6d.
Carpets and Matting, from 1s 4d	

A Large and Varied Stock of New Goods in Ladies' and Children's Jackets, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Gloves, Scarfs, Lace Sets, Hosiery, Ribbons and Trimmings

Cromwell

NOTICE

The following are the days appointed for holding the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Courts for the months of July, August, September and October, 1879, for the Dunstan division of the Otago Goldfields Districts:—

CLYDE—Every Thursday.
CROMWELL—Every Friday.
ALEXANDRA—Monday, July 28
" August 25
" September 22
" October 20

The Office at Alexandra will be open once a fortnight for the transaction of public business.]

ROXBURGH—Tuesday, July 22
" August 19
" September 16
" October 14

OPHIR—Tuesday, July 29
" August 26
" September 23
" October 21

JACKSON KEDDELL,
Warden and R.M.

M R A. F. BLOOD, B. A.,
Has Commenced Practice as a
SOLICITOR AND CONVEYANCER

In the District, R.M. and Warden's
Courts, Cromwell.

Mr Blood is prepared to visit Alexandra,
Blacks, &c., when professionally required.

OFFICE:
NEXT DOOR TO THE BANK OF NEW
ZEALAND.

HENRICH BEHRENS,
WHEELWRIGHT
AND COACH-BUILDER,
MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.
(Nearly opposite Bank of New South Wales).
Is prepared to execute all Orders entrusted to
him with carefulness and despatch.

A Large Supply of Well-seasoned American and
Native Timbers kept in Stock.

Repairs done in best style.

K. P R E T S C H.
CROMWELL,
COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paper
hangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every
description, at low prices

Contracts undertaken for General Painting,
Paperhanging, Decoration,
and Sign Writing.

E. M U R R E L L,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Has just received, per
Suez Mail, his
first consignment
of
**SILVER
HUNTING
LEVER
WATCHES**
direct from the
Manufacturer
in London. As
these Watches
are made to his
own order, bear
his name, and
specially made
to suit the re-
quirements of
this district, he
can with confidence recommend them to the
public both as regards finish and accuracy of
adjustment, and as Time-keepers not to be ex-
celled in the colony.

E.M. has made arrangements for regular sup-
plies, and as he buys for cash he is in a position
to defy competition.

A Two Years' Guarantee given with every
Watch.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Note the address—

E. M U R R E L L,
Watch and Clock Maker,
MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

THE AUSTRALIAN LITHOFRAC-
TEUR AND DYNAMITE CO.
(KREBS' PATENT.)

ARTHUR BRISCOE & CO.,

Having accepted the above Company's Agency
or New Zealand, direct the attention of Rail-
way and other Contractors, Miners, and Quarry-
men to the enormous advantages derived from
the use of these STRONGEST EXPLOSIVES
MANUFACTURED.

For Mining, Quarrying, Blasting in hard or
soft rock, and for Submarine Works (Krebs'
Patent being the only manufacture insoluble) it
is invaluable.

The SUPERIOR STRENGTH of these COLONIAL
EXPLOSIVES has been proved by experts to
be 15 to 20 per cent. stronger than any imported
Dynamite, while the present price renders it
cheaper than blasting powder.

Price—1 case, 2s 9d per lb.
5 " 2s 6d "
10 " 2s 3d "

Delivery from magazine payable by purchaser.

ARTHUR BRISCOE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL IRONMONGERS AND
IRON MERCHANTS,
PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE

4,000 TOTARA and BLACK PINE
POSTS.

Apply to
D. COLWELL, Pembroke.

SEEDS ! SEEDS !! SEEDS !!!

Just received—

ANNUAL CONSIGNMENT OF
NEW SEASON GARDEN SEEDS OF ALL KINDS,
Warranted Fresh and true to name.

ARGUS SEED WAREHOUSE,
CROMWELL.

Orders by letter promptly attended to.

J O H N S M I T H
begs to intimate to the Public that he
HAS OPENED

Those
WELL-KNOWN AND COMMODIOUS STABLES
(Late Starkey and Scally's),
And hopes, by attention and civility, to merit a
fair share of public patronage.

BUGGIES & SADDLE HORSES ALWAYS ON HIRE.

HORSES BROKEN IN, &c.

P. B U T T L E & C O. S
FLOUR MILLS,
NEAR ARROWTOWN,
Supply First-class
SILK-DRESSED FLOUR, BRAN, AND
POLLARD.

GRISTING DONE AT CURRENT RATES.

Country orders executed with care and dis-
patch. An excellent sample of flour guaranteed,
—cannot be excelled in the Colony.

V I N C E N T F L O U R M I L L,
OPHIR.

J. C. JONES

Begs to inform the inhabitants of the surround-
ing districts that, having now completed the
above Flour Mill, which he has fitted up with
machinery on the most improved principle, he
is prepared to supply

SILK-DRESSED FLOUR
of the best quality; also, Bran and Pollard.

Gristing at Current Rates.

J. C. JONES.

WAKATIP FLOUR & OATMEAL
MILLS, LAKE HAYES.

ROBERT GILMOUR - PROPRIETOR.

The Proprietor begs to announce to the public
that, owing to the increased demand for Oatmeal,
he has now completed considerable improvements
on his oatmeal machinery, and is prepared to
supply a first-class article at a most reasonable
rate.

R.G.'s Mill being under the management of a
Miller of wide experience, the public can depend
upon a Constant Supply of Flour of the best
quality, and can offer it at as cheap a rate and
upon as reasonable terms as any in the district.

ROBERT GILMOUR.

MEDICAL HALL DISPENSARY,
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL.

HENRY HOTOP,

Having purchased the Business lately conducted
by Mr Max. Gall, begs to inform the residents
of Cromwell, Clyde and the surrounding districts
that he is now the only Dispensing Chemist in
Vincent County, and that, to meet the require-
ments of his business, he has supplied himself
with a Large Stock of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS & PATENT MEDICINES
Of every description.

In connection with the above, H. Hotop has
also a most varied and choice
Stock of

FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY,
SOAPS, COSMETICS, SCENTS,
&c., &c., &c.,
That will well repay a visit of inspection.

STATIONERY & BOOKS.
Ledgers, Journals, Day and Minute Books,
Writing Paper and Envelopes
of all classes.

GENERAL NEWS AGENCY.
English, European and American Newspapers
and Journals supplied to Subscribers
at low rates, and sent post
free all over the
country.

TOBACCOS & CIGARS
(Choicest Brands).

N.B.—As the business will be conducted under
the immediate supervision of Mr H. Hotop, all
those who may favor him with their commands
may rely on every attention being paid them.
Prescriptions most carefully dispensed.
Orders received from the Clyde portion of the
district will be promptly attended to.

HENRY HOTOP,
Cromwell.

Cromwell

S W A N B R E W E R Y,
CROMWELL.

G. W. GOODGER - Proprietor.

The Proprietor is now prepared to supply his
unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity, de-
livered throughout the District.

Orders left at the Commercial Hotel, Crom-
well, or at the Brewery, will be promptly at-
tended to.

G. W. GOODGER.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND
General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the
public generally that he has removed to
QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business
and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the
public patronage.

CROMWELL

VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,
MELMORE STREET.

ROBERT WISHART,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, MACHINIST,
&c.

Every description of work in connection with
Mining and Farming Tools and Machinery made
and repaired on the premises.

Good Workmanship guaranteed at Reasonable
Prices.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally
that he has gone to the expense of fitting up a
CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS, being the
first introduced up-country; and in this branch
he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most-approved
principle.

Light shoes 10s.
Draught do. 16s.

N.B.—A large supply of Slesinger's Horse and
Cattle Medicines on hand.

IMPORTANT TO WAGONERS, FAR-
MERS, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

NEW VETERINARY & SHOEING FORGE.

JAMES RICHARDS

Having purchased the business as General Black-
smith and Horse-shoer in Cromwell, lately car-
ried on by Mr R. Cayford, begs to inform the
public that he is in a position to execute every
class of work in a most satisfactory manner at
reasonable prices.

In the Veterinary and Shoeing Department
the advertiser has considerable experience, and
in these branches can guarantee to suit those
who favor him with their patronage.

Horses carefully and skilfully treated for
all complaints.

Note the Address—

MURRAY STREET, CROMWELL,
Opposite Messrs Grant and MacKellar's offices.

SHERWOOD AND WRIGHT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MER-
CHANTS, AND GENERAL
STOREKEEPERS,
MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

Having completed their arrangements for the
regular consignment of Goods suitable to the
market, Sherwood and Wright have pleasure in
intimating that they have now on hand, and
constantly arriving, full supplies of

WINES, SPIRITS, PROVISIONS, AND
FAMILY GROCERIES

of the very best quality obtainable, and which
will be found to compare most favorably as to
price with those of any establishment on the
Goldfields.

The Stock comprises every class of goods in
above line, so that it is unnecessary to give a
detailed list.

Messrs Sherwood and Wright have made
arrangements for a constant supply of

FLOUR, BRAN, POLLARD, AND GENERAL
PRODUCE

of the finest quality from the Wakatipu Mills.
In this line the firm can offer special value.

GOODS DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF THE
DISTRICT.

FAMILIES REGULARLY WAITED UPON.

S. & W. desire specially to state that they
have entered into arrangements for the regular
supply to them of

DAIRY PRODUCE

from one of the finest farms on the Taieri, an
advantage which they feel sure their customers
will fully appreciate.

Insurance Companies.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSUR-
ANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST
LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

[ESTABLISHED, 1859.]

NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE
COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

Accepts Fire Risks on every description of
property, at lowest rates.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
Agent, Cromwell.

C O B B A N D C O. 'S
LIVERY STABLES,
LAWRENCE,

Will now be under the personal supervision of
Mr Craig.

HORSES & BUGGIES ALWAYS ON HIRE.

Horses Broken to Saddle and Harness.

H. CRAIG & Co.,
Proprietors.

CENTRAL REGISTRY OFFICE.

E. LYONS begs to notify the inhabitants of
Cromwell and District that he has OPENED
REGISTRY OFFICE in conjunction with his
Fruiterer's Business in Dunedin.

Hotelkeepers, station owners and others can
rely upon obtaining suitable Servants of every
description.

E. LYONS

(Late J. B. L. Luks),

COMMISSION, LAND & ESTATE AGENT,
GEORGE-STREET, DUNEDIN.

K A W A R A U C O A L P I T,
BANNOCKBURN.

MOORE & PRYDE, Proprietors.

The Coal supplied from above Pit is recognised
as the best yet vended in the district. It burns
freely, and emits great heat. It is delivered at

Cromwell 24s per ton.
Bannockburn 20s do.
At Pit's mouth 12s do.

FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED.

MOORE & PRYDE,
Proprietors.

W A N A K A S A W - M I L L S.

RUSSELL, EWING & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

The Proprietors have placed the above Mills
in complete working order with the best appli-
ances obtainable and are prepared to supply
Manufactured Timber of every description;
Posts, Rails, Props, Slabs, &c. &c., at the
shortest possible notice, at reasonable prices
and on easy terms.

Orders punctually attended to and despatched
with promptitude.

RUSSELL, EWING & Co.,
WANAKA SAW MILLS.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Foun-
ders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels,
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-
ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-
iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any
size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power
Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K., M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-Iron
Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the
best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Cromwell.

**FREE TRADE BUTCHERY.**
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS. PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

**R. AND W. OLDS,**
FAMILY BUTCHERS,

MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

In thanking householders of the town and district of Cromwell for the liberal patronage conferred upon them since starting business, desire to say that they have entered into such arrangements as will enable them to continue to supply their Customers with Beef, Mutton, Pork and other articles in the trade of the very best quality.

SMALL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Families and Hotels waited upon daily.

**THE CROMWELL BAKERY.**

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

THOMAS FOOTE,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER

MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL.

Choice Selection of Tweeds on hand.

FOR SALE.

Several Sections in Cromwell Cottage (furnished) and Section in Melmore Terrace

Cottage and Section in Murray-street Shop and Dwelling in Melmore-street Cottage on Block IX.

Water-race of 12 heads (Lowburn) Agricultural Lease Area of 200 Acres 5000 mixed full-mouthed Sheep Cromwell Coal Lease and Plant Several Quartz-crushing Batteries Bannockburn Water-race.

Acres, Freehold (fenced), adjoining Cromwell.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Agent, Cromwell.**NOTICE.**

FOURPENCE each will be given by the undersigned for the SKINS of Rabbits destroyed on Mt. Pisa and Queensberry Runs upon delivery at the Home Station.

I. LOUGHNAN.

4th July, 1879.

NOTICE.

A number of useless Curs are allowed to prowl about on Kawarau Station by their owners. This is to give them warning that POISON will be laid wherever they are most likely to get it.

JAMES COWAN.

October, 1877.

NOTICE.

On and after AUGUST 1st, all Horses and Cattle trespassing on Morven Hills Station will be Impounded.

Any Person found Removing Horses or Cattle without giving notice will be Prosecuted

A. M'PHAIL,

Manager.

Hotels.

KIRTLEBURN HOTEL,
ROARING MEG.

T. GORMAN ... Proprietor.

The travelling public will find every comfort and accommodation at this hostelry.
Wines, Beer, and Spirits of best brands.

JOHN MARRS H,
BRIDGE HOTEL,
CROMWELL.**VALUE FOR MONEY.****VICTORIA BRIDGE HOTEL.**

J. M'CORMICK ... Proprietor.

The above well-known Hotel (late Edwards') has undergone a thorough renovation at the hands of the present proprietor, and is now second to no house on the main road from Cromwell to Queenstown.

Travellers may rest assured that they will receive every attention at the above Hotel.

The excellent range of STONE STABLES is under the charge of an experienced Groom. Horses will therefore secure every attention.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.) Began to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior eight-stall stone stable, replete with every convenience for Travellers. Unsurpassed in the District.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Court-house.

CRITERION HOTEL,
ALEXANDRA.

HENRY TOHILL, Proprietor.

H. TOHILL begs to inform the Travelling Public that this Hotel possesses every convenience, and trusts, by strict attention to the comfort of Travellers and the Public generally, to merit their patronage.

PRIVATE PARLOR AND BEDROOMS.

Large and commodious Billiard Room and Alcock's Prize Table.

THE BEST OF WINES, SPIRITS AND BEER ONLY KEPT.

The Culinary Department Specially attended to.

GOOD STABLING.

PORT PHILIP HOTEL,
SUNDERLAND STREET, CLYDE.

JOHN COX, Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation; and J. C. begs to inform the Travelling Public that, to suit the times, he has determined on reducing the charges, which, from date, will be as follows:—

Stabling, per night	...	6s
Single Feed	...	2s
Meals and Bed, each	...	2s
Board and Lodging, per week	30s	
Board only	...	20s

The Stables attached to the Hotel comprise, besides Stalls, Eight Loose Boxes. An efficient Groom always in attendance, and only the best of Provender kept.

Cobb and Co's. coaches arrive and depart from this Hotel.

THE BEST BRANDS OF SPIRITS, WINES, AND BEERS.

N.B.—A Private Cottage for Families, containing all the comforts of a home.

Miscellaneous.

NOBEL'S PATENT DYNAMITE.

DALGETY, NICHOLS AND CO., Agents for the above Dynamite, beg to call the attention of Contractors, Miners, and others, to the great strength of Dynamite compared with other explosives as shown below:—

Blasting Gelatine, 100.00, Nobel's patent.
Nitro Glycerine, 93.36
No. 1 Dynamite, 75.11, Nobel's patent
Lithofracteur of the strongest and best make, 65.69.

The price of Nobel's Dynamite, notwithstanding its greater strength and purity, does not exceed even that of Lithofracteur, viz.:—

1 Case 50 lbs, 2s 9d per lb
5 " 2s 6d "
10 " 2s 3d "

Delivery to be taken from Magazine.

DALGETY, NICHOLS, AND CO.
Bond-street, Dunedin.

N.B.—Supplies may be obtained from

D. A. JOLLY & CO., Cromwell.
W. JENKINS, Arrowtown.**WAKATIPU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).****THE NEW S.S. MOUNTAINEER,**

Captain T. PATERSON,

Carrying H.M. Mails, will Leave

QUEENSTOWN FOR KINGSTON

DAILY, at 9.30 a.m.,

Meeting the Invercargill Train, and Returning to Queenstown at 2.30 p.m.

The Directors, having REDUCED the rates hitherto ruling on all kinds of Freight, hope to secure thereby the greatest share of the Lake traffic, and draw the attention of the Travelling Public to the Superior Passenger Accommodation and the high rate of speed of this splendid Boat.

Goods for the Arrow District stored here until the Frankton Agency is established.

The Public are invited to avail themselves of the Season Tickets issued by the Company.

For particulars, apply to the Captain or the undersigned.

LEWIS HOTOP,
Manager.
Queenstown, February 13th, 1879.**NOTICE.**

J. W. ROBERTSON & CO.

AND

WILLIAMS & ARCHER

Have much pleasure in informing the Public that, owing to the extraordinary increase of traffic on the Lake since the completion of the Railway, they have decided to run their powerful Paddle-steamer

ANTRIM

And their clipper-built Screw-steamer

JANE WILLIAMS,

As hitherto (Thrice Weekly)

To and from Kingston at a reduced rate of TWELVE SHILLINGS & SIXPENCE PER TON

Delivered either at QUEENSTOWN or FRANKTON.

FARM PRODUCE

From FRANKTON and QUEENSTOWN to KINGSTON at 7s 6d per ton.

WOOL AND HIDES

To KINGSTON, 14s per ton.

PASSENGERS' FARE

To and from KINGSTON, 2s 6d each Passenger. Passengers returning the same day charged Single Fare.

J. W. ROBERTSON & Co., having every facility for continuing the business in the same efficient manner as hitherto, will still continue to bestow the same attention to Goods consigned to them. They request the Consignees to instruct their correspondents to address their Goods to the care of

J. W. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Queenstown.

Queenstown, the 4th day of March, 1879.

Cromwell.

SELLING OFF!!!
SELLING OFF!!**DRAPERY, CLOTHING,**
BOOTS & SHOES,
Fancy Goods, Jewellery,
BOOKS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
&c., &c.**J. SOLOMON**

Has determined upon giving up Business in Cromwell solely on account of the recent bereavement in his family.

The Public will therefore bear in mind this is

NO CHEAP CLEARING SALE,

But a

GENUINE SALE

Of everything in Stock at any sacrifice.

EVERY ARTICLE WILL BE SOLD BELOW COST PRICE.

Special Inducements to Customers Purchasing Large Parcels.

It is impossible to quote Prices for such a large Stock.

Come and See and be Convinced.

J. S. will not Refuse any Reasonable Offer for a Large Parcel.

In order to make a speedy clearance, J. S. has made arrangements with Mr O. CUMMINS to visit the surrounding district, as well as the Arrow, Queenstown, Clyde, Alexandra, Blacks, Tinkers and Drybread, so as to give all who are not in a position to come to Cromwell the opportunity of securing Bargains.

Look out for O. CUMMINS,

One trial will prove to anyone not entirely in the hands of other storekeepers how much cheaper J. S. is selling than any storekeeper in the district.

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS

ONLY JUST OPENED OUT

CHEAP BOOTS!

Heavy-nailed Watertights, 14s 6d
Heavy-nailed Bluchers, 10s
Gent's Balmoral's (best quality), 15s
Gent's E.S. (best quality), 16s
Boy's heavy-nailed Lace Boots, 6s 6d
Youths' do do, 8s 6d
Women's E.S. Leather Boots, 10s
Copper-toed Lace Boots, 4s 6d to 5s 6d
E.S. copper-toe Boots, 5s to 6s 6d
Maid's E.S. Leather Boots (1 and 2), 8s
Elastic top Leather Slippers, 4s

THE ABOVE ARE ALL BEST DUNEDIN MAKE.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S KID BOOTS,
A Large Variety, equally Low in Price.

GUM BOOTS, 22s 6d.

The above Prices must convince the Public that J. Solomon means business.

TERMS—CASH ONLY.

Vincent County Gazette.

THE following List of successful and unsuccessful Tenderers is published for general information:—

CONTRACT 44.—Hawea Bridge.			
Grant and MacKellar (accepted)...	£1239	6	8
A. M'Bride	1792	10	0
Aitken and Co.	1448	1	6
Edgar and Meston	1449	18	10

CONTRACT 60.—Clyde Bridge.			
Grant and MacKellar (accepted)...	£4049	0	0
Drummy and Co.	4852	5	6

CONTRACT 61.—Poolburn Foot Bridge.			
E. M'Manus (accepted)	£39	15	0
Edgar and Meston	41	7	9

CONTRACT 62.—Poolburn Footbridge.			
E. M'Manus (accepted)	£26	5	0
Edgar and Meston	33	19	6

GEORGE CLARK,
County Clerk.

Vincent County Offices,
Clyde, October 23rd, 1879.

N O T I C E.

On and after the 1st day of November, 1879, the Wages payable in Vincent County will be as follows:—

Horse and Dray	10s per day.
Laborers	8s do.

By order of the Council.

J. D. MACGEORGE,
County Engineer.

County Offices, Clyde,
September 26th, 1879.

£2 R E W A R D.

LOST, from Cromwell Flat, a dark Bay HORSE, black Points, branded S on shoulder.

Above Reward will be paid on delivery to

DR. STACPOOLE,
Cromwell.

F O R S A L E.

20 Young HEIFERS and Dairy COWS,
near Calving.

3 Superior BULLS—good pedigree.

For particulars, apply to

OWEN O'NEILL,
Bannockburn.

CROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.

TENDERS are invited for SUPPLIES to the Cromwell Hospital for the Six Months ending 31st March, 1880, for:—

Groceries
Medical Comforts
Meat
Coals
Milk
Bread

And will be received up to 8 p.m. on THURSDAY, 9th instant.

CROMWELL POUND.

IMPOUNDED by A. M'Phail, Manager of Morven Hills Station, seven (7) Horses branded as under:—

- 1 Chestnut Horse, MM on near shoulder
- 1 Bay Filly, M on near hip
- 1 Bay Mare, R on off shoulder
- 1 Bay Colt, blaze on forehead, NVBo
- 1 Bay Horse, M on near hip
- 1 Bay Mare, T on near shoulder
- 1 Bay Filly, D on near cheek.

If the above be not claimed, and expenses paid, before SATURDAY, 18th October, they will be Sold by auction.

R. KIDD,
Poundkeeper.

BOROUGH OF CROMWELL.

EXTRAORDINARY VACANCY FOR COUNCILLOR FOR BRIDGE WARD.

NOMINATIONS for the Office of COUNCILLOR for BRIDGE WARD will take place at the Council Chambers, Cromwell, at Noon on THURSDAY, October 16th, 1879.

Dated at Cromwell this 7th day of October, 1879.

JAS. MARSHALL,
Returning Officer for Bridge Ward.

N.B.—Any Ratepayer within the Borough is competent to stand for any Ward. See Section 60, of "Municipal Corporations Act, 1876."

T E N D E R S.

TENDERS are invited to SUPPLY Drummy and Co. with SAWN TIMBER and PILES for the Molyneux Bridge at Alexandra.

Specifications to be seen on and after the 15th inst. at H. Norman's hotel, Albert Town, and Mrs Russell's, Pembroke.

DRUMMY & CO.

N O T I C E.

All outstanding Accounts due to the Bankrupt Estate of JAMES CROMBIE, of Nevis Crossing, must be immediately arranged with the undersigned or with Mr Crombie, otherwise proceedings will be instituted without further notice.

D. A. JOLLY,

Trustee.

October 6th, 1879.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

HENRY NORMAN, ALBERT TOWN.

The undersigned, in contemplation of retiring from business, takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends for their liberal support during the last 17 years.

Payment of outstanding Debts is particularly requested, in order to close accounts.

After the Stock has been sold the Premises and Goodwill of the Business will be open for disposal on liberal terms to a suitable purchaser.

H. NORMAN.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY, NOVEMBER 10.

Boys' Grand Cricket Match.

A Match will be played on the Cromwell Cricket Ground on the Prince of Wales' Birthday between the Boys of Cromwell and the Boys of Clyde for a grand trophy—a Silver Cup value six guineas—to be given by Mr THOMAS WEBB to the boy who scores the highest in the winning team. All players of 16 years and under admitted. The Trophy will be presented at the Athenæum Hall in the evening at the Children's Ball.

REV. MR ASH

Has kindly consented to

EXHIBIT SPLENDID VIEWS & FIGURES

By his Magic Lantern.

In the evening

A POPULAR ENTERTAINMENT

Will be given, opening with a

GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE,

Entitled

THE BABES IN THE WOOD

To be followed by

A CHILDREN'S BALL,

Kiss-in-the-Ring and other Games suitable for the season.

The whole to conclude with the Grand Transformation Scene

BRITANNIA.

TO WIND UP WITH A DANCE FOR ADULTS.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; the Curtain to rise at half-past 8 o'clock to the scene of "Babes in the Wood." Dancing till 10 o'clock, when the Curtain will rise to the Britannia Scene.

Price of Admission: Children, 1s; Adults, 2s 6d.

Sweetmeats given during the Dance.

THOMAS WEBB, Manager.



THE THOROUGHBRED HORSE

ARCHITECT

Will Stand at Mount Pisa Station during this Season.

TERMS - - - £4 4s.

Season to end and Mares to be removed by 31st December, 1879.

Every care taken of Mares, but no responsibility incurred.

L. LOUGHNAN.

6th October, 1879.

FLOWER SEEDS! FLOWER SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS

AT ARGUS SEED WAREHOUSE.

FOREST TREE SEEDS:

Pinus Insignis
Pinus Tuberculata
Pinus Muricata
Wattle
Blue and Red Gum.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The Rev. J. CHISHOLM will hold DIVINE SERVICE on Sabbath next, 12th instant, as under:—

Bannockburn	3 p.m.
Cromwell	6.30 p.m.

Future services will be duly announced.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

7th and 8th NOVEMBER,

At Noon.

In the Bankrupt Estate of James Crombie.

AT NEVIS CROSSING HOTEL.

HOTEL AND STORE, CATTLE, HORSES, &c., &c., &c.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH, by order of the Trustee in the Estate of James Crombie, will sell by public auction, on above date, on the Premises,

The well-assorted Stock of the Nevis Crossing Hotel and Store, comprising—

A varied assortment of General Merchandise, Wines, Spirits, &c., &c.

Also,

The hotel Furniture, of superior quality
About 7 Cows, some carrying Calves
Farm Implements, &c., &c.

Also,

The Hotel and Store, with the right to take up 320 acres of Land under the 66th section of "The Mines Act, 1877."

TERMS EASY AT SALE.

The above Hotel is well known to be one of the best-paying properties in the County, offering an opportunity for small capitalists rarely to be met with, and the adjoining land is unsurpassed for excellence.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Auctioneer.



TO STAND THIS SEASON

AT

BELLVUE FARM, TARRAS,

The Pure Clydesdale Stallion,

MARQUIS OF LORNE.

PEDIGREE:

MARQUIS OF LORNE, bred by J. F. Kitching, Esq., is a bright bay, rising three years old. Sire—Governor, bred by Mr Robert Charters, Moy, East Taieri; his sire is the illustrious stud horse Nimmo's Emperor by Napoleon, imported from Scotland, bred by Mr Macadam, Kepculloch. His sire is by Mr Buchan, of Coldrach's horse, and his dam a mare purchased from Lorn Campbell, Esq., of Roseneath. Emperor's dam, Nancy, a well-known Clydesdale mare, bred by Mr Alexander Findlay, Sandy Hills, near Glasgow. Nancy was got by the celebrated Garvary Horse, and her dam by Scotsman, the property of James Kirkwood, Kilmars. Dam—Matty (lately the property of Mr John Stevenson, East Taieri), by Thane of Clyde, bred by Mr Thomas Young, Renfrewshire, Scotland. Thane of Clyde's sire is the far-famed horse Surprise, bred by Mr Murdoch, Lanarkshire; his grand sire Wallace. Mr Stevenson sold Matty to Mr J. F. Kitching for 200 guineas. Matty's dam, Bell, is out of Duchess, imported from Tasmania. Matty was the winner of two first, three second and two third prizes at Dunedin, Taieri and Tokomairiro, prior to her being sold to Mr Kitching. Her dam, Bell, carried off no less than thirteen first, seven second and three third prizes. Duchess is the dam of the following noted Clydesdales:—Entires: Lord Glasgow (sold to Mr W. Holley, Canterbury), Rantin Rebin (sold to Mr Carmichael), Surprise (sold to Mr J. Robertson) and Blair Athol (sold to same buyer). Mares: Jean; Bell (sold to Mr W. Holley); and Bay Filly (sold to Mr R. Gawn).

An Experienced Groom in charge of the Horse.

TERMS - - - £5 5s.

Groomage Fee, 5s, payable on the first Service.

Every care taken, but no responsibility.

Season to end 1st February, 1880, when all fees must be paid or arranged for.

BELL BROTHERS,
Proprietors, Tarras.

October 6, 1879.

ALBERT TOWN RACES.

SATURDAY, 1st NOVEMBER,

At 11 a.m.

AT ALBERT TOWN.

SALE OF

FREEHOLD PROPERTY, &c., &c.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH, under instructions from Mr Norman (who is retiring from business), will sell by public auction, on the ground, on Saturday, November 1st, at 11 a.m.,

The whole of his superior and well-selected Stock of Stores, comprising—

Drapery, Clothing, Blankets, Hardware, Boots, and Sundries.

The above Goods are all new and suitable for the requirements of the district, and the sale should not be lost sight of by storekeepers, station owners, miners, shepherds, and others.

The whole of the Freehold Property is in the market, and will be disposed of upon most reasonable terms.

TERMS AT SALE.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Auctioneer.

POSTAL NOTICE.

The next Suez mail will close here on Wednesday, October 22nd, at noon.

W. T. WARD, Postmaster.

Cromwell Argus, AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1879.

SIR GEORGE GREY's much-desired appeal to the people has not had the happy result he anticipated. The defeat of his Ministry on Friday's division certainly showed that the Government party had not lost ground so far as votes went, but this fact could not avert the fate which the Premier has so long and persistently courted; and defeat, whether by two or fourteen votes, meant, all the same, disaster to himself and colleagues. The voting on division was 43 against 41—admittedly a very narrow line between defeat and victory. But it must be remembered that the party in power has always a strong advantage over the Opposition, and it is certain that this power was exercised to the utmost degree, and every art and inducement brought to bear on irresolute members. This in a great measure will account for the Government making the running so close. Accepting the adverse vote of the House, the Premier moved for an adjournment until to-day. Caucus after caucus of the Ministerial followers ensued, but no satisfactory means of getting out of the difficulty could be arrived at—at least we may judge so from the fact that yesterday the GREY Ministry resigned, and the Hon. JOHN HALL undertook to form a Government more in consonance with the House, and the voice of the country. While it is matter for congratulation that at last the country has got rid of the autocratic and self-willed Premier, and his protegee the Native Minister, it must be regretted that men in whom the people and the Parliament have every confidence should have to be pitched overboard with them. More especially is this the case with regard to Mr MACANDREW, whose character as a politician and Minister is such that he could almost at will command a majority of the House. While his loyalty to his chief is in some respects to be admired, it is difficult to account for when we look at the utter selfishness of that chief. It is now more than ever evident that personal power is what SIR GEORGE GREY has been all along striving for. No question of policy being at issue, but merely, in fact, "GREY, or no GREY," when that "saviour of the people" saw that a majority of the House distinctly and unmistakably declared for "no GREY," then, had he been true to his assumed character, he would have agreed to a reconstruction of the Cabinet, and chosen to sacrifice himself to save his policy and party. But this did not suit Sir Knight, who no doubt foresaw in such a course an end to his political career. As it is, the position is a puzzling one. It seems more than doubtful whether Mr HALL can get together a Ministry that will command a working majority of the House, especially in the face of such bitter opposition as he must expect from the disappointed Greyites. It is not the ability or honesty of purpose of the men he may choose that is to be feared, so much as the instability of the rank and file. Many of those who voted against the late Government doubtless did so almost solely to get rid of the Premier, and there is a danger that these may, at a critical moment, desert HALL and his colleagues. It is to be feared, therefore, that unless a compromise in the shape of a coalition be arrived at, much valuable time and thousands of pounds that can ill be spared will be squandered while members are playing the game of the "outs and ins." Unfortunately, everything points to the im-

probability of anything approaching coalition, —the fight has been too long and bitter to be healed. Everything depends upon the wisdom displayed by Mr HALL in his choice of Ministers, and from his high talents as a statesman we have strong reason to hope that his choice will be one as satisfactory to the House and the country as the elements at his command will allow. The issue of the next few days is fraught with much importance, and is waited with eager impatience.

We have a high opinion of the Government *Gazette* as an advertising medium, and consider it a religious duty to carefully study its pages every issue, although we confess seldom with any instructive or amusing result. But we have at length been rewarded. Friday's mail brought us the *Gazette* of 25th ult., and in the course of our reading we came across a notification that certain lands in the Lower Hawea Survey District had been alienated for disposal under the deferred payment system, and, further, that applications for same would be received on Monday, 6th October—that, is yesterday!—or two clear days after the *Gazette* arrived. Need we say that for the moment this startling announcement stunned us? Was this the fashion in which were to be disposed the lands we had fought for years past to have opened to the people? Could it be that this was a further sample of the *Liberal* policy of the GREY Government? Surely it could not be a wicked league between the Cabinet and the pastoral tenant to deprive the people of opportunity to exercise their just rights. These and such-like thoughts flashed through our mind, and, on recovering, we instantly rushed to the Mayor, demanding that he should seek from Mr PYKE a solution of the mystery—always supposing such a thing as a mystery could exist in a Government *Gazette*. The Mayor sympathised with us entirely and wired at once to the member for the district. Meanwhile the proclamation got abroad and indignation was on every man's lips, the Government being denounced in unconditional terms. Yesterday afternoon his Worship received the following assuring telegram from Mr PYKE, and, foggy as it undoubtedly is, it had a calming effect:—"Lower Hawea block mistake. Occupied. All fixed for 6th November." So it appears there were two mistakes—first the name of the block was wrong, and second the date of application was also wrong. And we do not hesitate to say that the third and gravest mistake of all will be the opening of the land under deferred payments. We are tired of reiterating that this system will never work in this district, and it is entirely beyond our comprehension why Government will insist upon it in the face of the many proofs that it is totally unfitted for the Goldfields. We hope sincerely that Mr PYKE will personally and persistently press this upon the attention of the Government, as the attempt so to dispose of the lands will only result in a loss of valuable time, and very likely afterwards be made a pretext by interested persons to urge the lack of applications as a proof that land is not required.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DUNEDIN, October 6, 5 p.m.

Ministers have resigned, and Hall has accepted the task of forming a Ministry.

October 7, 9 a.m.

The trial of Waters for Octagon murders is fixed for Monday next.

James Smith has been committed for trial for wife murder.

In his charge to the Grand Jury on opening Supreme Court criminal sessions yesterday, Judge Williams said there was one satisfactory feature in the calendar, viz., the absence of crime on the part of those who, having been most severely tempted, might have been expected to succumb to the temptation. Many had been out of work during the winter, and suffered much privation and distress in consequence; but not a single crime was traceable to this cause. The calendar numerically was heavier in good times than bad. When work at good wages was plentiful there were unprecedentedly heavy calendars. The truth was that whilst our industrial population was thoroughly law-abiding and bore the brunt of adversity like men, when money was plentiful many were unable to resist the temptation to excessive drinking, and hence crime became prevalent. The chief offences in the present calendar had little to do with drink. They required for their consummation a clear, unclouded brain, and were the offspring of calm deliberation and planned wickedness. Such offences were of a most dangerous kind, and when prevalent indicated an unwholesome condition of society. They should meet with prompt, stern repression.

The Grand Jury found true bills in all the cases. Hawkins pleaded guilty to embezzlement; Andrew Murray, for rape on his own daughter, was sentenced to 15 years; Jonathan Richardson, stealing, got six months.

At the Christchurch sessions, Judge Johnston said he was unable to congratulate the Grand Jury on any diminution of crime during the last three months. The average was far above the crime in England and Wales, and he failed to see any reason, as it was not due to want of prosperity. Robert Jones, forgery, got six years; Barnard, for sheep-stealing, six years.

At Auckland, Judge Gillies made special reference to the Upper Thames shooting affair. He said neither he nor the jury could shut their eyes to the fact that there

had been serious outrages, the offenders in which had not been brought to justice, for hardly any steps had been taken for that purpose. This they must feel to be a very unsatisfactory state of affairs. So long as criminals were unpunished, and so long as the law was paralysed by political considerations, they could not hope for any feeling of security for the lives and properties of settlers.

LATEST POLITICAL.

It is now stated that at a Ministerial caucus on Saturday, it was proposed that Grey should resign the leadership, recommending the Governor to send for Macandrew, but the majority favored the Ministry resigning and allowing Hall to form a Government, when he would be attacked on a no-confidence motion, it being alleged that Grey's party under fresh leadership would secure the adhesion of Masters, McCaughan, Driver, and Pyke. The *Star's* special says that at a full meeting of Government supporters this morning 41 were present, with Shephard accounted for. The party determined to permit of no coalition. Both sides have a very nice game to play, as I am of opinion the Ministerial side now have the balancing vote. The actual position is very much in the Governor's hands, and he is reported to favor constitutional Government. Ministers have communicated to the Governor unofficially what passed, and their intention to resign.

Dick sails to-day for the south having paired with Moss; Driver also goes south and has given a pair.

When the Government resigned, the Governor, considering their resignation should have preceded presentation of the Address, expressed umbrage that the resignations had not taken place sooner.

LATEST BY CABLE.

LONDON, October 4.

The stock market is buoyant.

Cetewayo has arrived at Capetown.

MADRID.

The Cuban insurgent were defeated with heavy loss.

ROME.

At an interview between Caroli and the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador friendly assurances were exchanged.

ATHENS.

The negotiations of the commission on the Greek frontier question have come to a standstill.

LONDON, October 4.

The Affreeds have cut off the British communication on both sides of Shutturgardan.

LATEST.

The House is practically adjourned till Thursday.

The new Ministry includes Hall, Oliver, Whittaker, senr. (Upper House), Rolleston, Bryce (Native), Atkinson and McLean.

Whittaker, junr., and Wakefield, Under-Secretaries.

Two other seats in Cabinet are yet to be filled up.

Matthew Hawkins has been sentenced to six years imprisonment.

We are requested to intimate that the quarterly meeting of subscribers to the Cromwell Hospital will take place on Thursday evening, in the Town Hall.

The following appeared in the *Wellington Post* of Thursday:—"At the present time Mr Vincent Pyke is the admired of all admirers. The fate of Ministers and the destinies of the colony are to a great extent in his hands, and it is believed to be a matter of certainty that the portfolio of Mines awaits his acceptance on either side to which he gives his adhesion. He is certainly a lucky man."

Bridge Ward has a difficulty in finding a sufficiency of representatives in the Borough Council. For the fourth or fifth time dates of nomination have been advertised, but no aspirant for municipal honors has come forward. Again the returning officer appeals to the ratepayers, and it is to be hoped one or more candidates will come forward and put an end to the expenditure of Borough funds in printers' ink in the matter of Bridge Ward. Any ratepayer in the Borough is eligible.

Mr Frederick Jeffery leaves here on Monday next to enter upon the duties of his new appointment as Clerk to the Court at Roxburgh. Residents in that district are to be congratulated on the presence of Mr Jeffery among them, as he will be found a most courteous and obliging officer. While pleased to know that Mr Jeffery has advanced a step on the ladder of promotion, we, in common with our fellow-townsmen, regret his leaving here, as he has, in many ways, proved a most useful citizen. We hope to hear of his continued progress in the service. Mr William Rooney (late of Bendigo) succeeds Mr Jeffery.

The member for Dunstan saw and took advantage of the opportunity for a little theatrical effect at Wellington last week. By hanging back till the last moment his presence and his vote became doubly valuable, and it can scarcely be wondered at that he was besieged by both parties on landing in the Empire City and was recognised as carrying the late of the Ministry in his hands. This is an old trick of Mr Pyke's, and he apparently likes to feed his vanity by having Cabinet Ministers waiting with bronchus ready to spirit him away to snug quarters and minister with lavish hospitality to his various wants. About the dignity of the position, however, the less said the better, and Mr Pyke may be forgiven his amiable little weakness in consideration of his having voted "straight," notwithstanding the fraternal blandishments of the Ministerial big-wigs.

Particulars of the dates when the thoroughbred horse Haruha—a splendid stamp of animal, by the way—will be available in this district will be found in an advertisement elsewhere.

We are glad to know that Mr Loughnan has determined to retain his well-known stud horse, Architect, in the district for another season. Particulars are published in our advertising columns.

The present week so far as it has gone, is a welcome contrast to the preceding eight days, which were cold and blustering enough for mid-winter, and threatened a serious check to budding vegetation. Yesterday and to-day were balmy and summer-like, and peculiarly grateful after the exceptionally long winter season.

In the House last week, Mr Pyke asked when the Government will cause a survey of the Otago Central Railway to be completed from Clyde to Lake Wanaka. The Hon. Mr Macandrew replied that the survey was about to be resumed. It is to be hoped Mr Pyke will use his utmost powers to induce the line being commenced at the Lake Wanaka end, so as to facilitate the completion of this extremely important work.

Mr Thomas Webb, of Clyde, deserves much credit for his effort to encourage among our youth a love for the healthful game of cricket, and we should imagine that the handsome trophy of a silver cup, presented by him, should be a strong incentive to continuous practice out of school hours. We recommend Mr Webb's advertisement in another column to the attention of all and sundry.

The Tuapeka Hospital appears to be in a bad way, financially. The state of the funds is deplorable. The bank overdraft is about £500, and the unpaid accounts (including the salary of the staff for three months) close on another £500. The committee asked the Government to make good the deficiency and to charge the same to the County Council and boroughs, according to the Financial Arrangements Act; but it seems the revenue for the past year exceeded the expenditure, thus depriving the committee of the benefit of the Act mentioned. It is proposed to ask the County Council to take over the institution.

The first cricket match of the season will be played at Clyde on Saturday next, when eleven of the Cromwell Club will engage with a like number of the Clyde Club. It is to be hoped the weather will prove propitious, so that the game may be fully enjoyed. A meeting of the match committee of the local club was held on Saturday evening, when it was decided to pick the eleven from the following list:—Messrs Preshaw, Willmott, Muter, Howell, Gudgeon, Olds (R.), London Stevens, Mackay, Goolger (G.), Blood, Maddock, Newton and Ward (W). The following are the representatives of the Clyde team:—Messrs W. G. Rees (captain), C. Rees, Little, Stewart, Leahy, Aris, Stevens, McGeorge, Clark, Williams and Ash. Emergencies: Messrs Mackay and McConnochie.

After a lapse of three months without church service, Presbyterians in this district will welcome the intelligence that the rev. Mr Chisholm, of Tokomairiro, will preach at Cromwell and Bannockburn on Sunday first, at hours mentioned in advertisement. We understand that Mr Chisholm will minister in this district for a month, when he will be succeeded by the Rev. John Ferguson, who returned to the colony last week by the ship *Invercargill*. Mr Ferguson completed his undergraduate course at the University of Otago and distinguished himself especially in Dr Black's class, and afterwards held the position of Class Assistant in the same. Mr Ferguson went to Edinburgh for his divinity course and took four sessions in the New College of that city. He has now returned to labor in connection with the Presbyterian Church of Otago and Southland.

Last week we intimated that Messrs Bell Brothers, late of Bannockburn, but now of Tarras, had purchased the Clydesdale entire, Marquis of Lorne. The price paid by the present owners was 235 guineas, from which it may be judged he is of no ordinary class. The horse reached Cromwell on Sunday little the worse for his long journey. He is a splendid-looking animal, and, being little over two years old, has room for much improvement on his present handsome form. The presence of the Marquis in this district should prove a great boon to farmers and others desirous of rearing first-class draught stock, and it is to be hoped his spirited proprietors may be well rewarded for their enterprise. We may mention that Messrs Bell were strongly pressed to travel the horse in the Taieri district, but declined for the present. The following remarks on the horse are from the *Daily Times*, and these are supplemented by the Marquis of Lorne's pedigree, which is published in our advertising columns:—"The Marquis of Lorne, a bright bay rising three years, half-brother to Champion, by Governor out of Mattie (sold by former owner to Mr J. F. Kitching for 200 guineas), was one of the features of the show, and was admitted on all hands to be a splendid animal. The colt was shown by Mr J. F. Kitching, and was subsequently purchased for Mr William Bell, of Bannockburn. The horse is to stand in the Cromwell district this season. The want of such a horse in that district has been long felt, and owners of stock there will doubtless be glad to learn of the purchase by Mr Bell of an animal showing such breeding and quality. That the entire is a very promising one may be gathered from the fact that Mr Trestrail, the well-known horse-dealer, bid the sum of 230 guineas for the colt, to take him to Australia. The pedigree of the Marquis of Lorne cannot well be beaten."

The unprecedented calamities caused by the floods, and the very serious losses sustained throughout this district, render it more than ever satisfactory to W. TALBOYS, of the London House, that he is in a position to mitigate the evil to some degree by offering his Drapery and Groceries at exceedingly low prices. His Groceries, of which he has laid in a large stock, are quoted in another column fully 25 per cent. below ordinary retail rates. The drapery prices are bearing fruit every day. —W. TALBOYS, London House, Cromwell.—[Adv.]

No fewer than 3,976,409 rabbitskins were exported last year from New Zealand, the estimated value being £33,460.

A meeting of Borough Council called for Friday evening last lapsed for want of a quorum. The ordinary meeting of Council takes place on Friday first.

A correspondent kindly sends us the following:—A lecture entitled "London" was delivered in the school-house, Bannockburn, on Tuesday, 30th ult., by the Rev. T. E. Ash of Clyde. Notwithstanding the fact that only one day's notice was given, there was a good attendance. The chair was occupied by Mr J. Anderson, who, in his opening remarks, alluded to the gratification all would feel in being conducted in imagination through the World's Metropolis, the emporium of every luxury, and the scene alike of unbounded wealth and abject poverty. The rev. lecturer then adduced some interesting statistics showing the infinite contrast between the elite of London society and anything to be conceived from colonial experience, and gave a historical sketch of London under Saxon, Roman, and Norman rule—including Boadicea's exploits. He then, humorously weaving the experiences of an unsophisticated rustic into his discourse, described the following places of interest: The Tower of St. Paul's, Westminster Abbey, houses of Parliament, London, and Westminster bridges, Tussaud's and Temple, as also the "Holborn Valley Viaduct," and Thames embankment. The origin of banking was next dealt with, and its importance as a key to national prosperity. The lecture occupied about two hours, and was generally appreciated. The lecturer in the course of his remarks alluded in highly eulogistic terms to the character of the Rev. C. Spurgeon, and to the fact that he devotes the greater part of his large income to the advancement of ecclesiastical objects. A collection was made to defray expenses, and with a vote of thanks to the lecturer, the proceedings terminated.

A cake of gold weighing 579oz. was deposited in the Colonial Bank at Cromwell on Friday last, being the result of the usual four weeks' crushing from 629 tons of stone from the Cromwell Company's mine. It must be gratifying to the shareholders in this prosperous company to learn that, according to the last reports from both the mill and mining managers, everything at the mine is in a most satisfactory state. The machinery is working well, and the pumping of the mine, which now takes three horses and three men, will in a week or so be done by water power. This will save fully £20 per week to the company. We append a return of the crushings since the beginning of the year, or nine months, and it will be seen that continuous and steady work has been accomplished. We question if there are many mining companies in Victoria which can show so good a result. The report of the mine manager, dated 29th ult., indicates plenty of stone in sight, so that there should not be any falling off in dividends, unless some unforeseen accident occurs to the machinery.

	Tons.	Oz.	Dividends.
January ...	700	733	1 6
February ...	470	524	2 0
March ...	372	484	1 0
April ...	407	735	1 6
May ...	464	641	2 0
June ...	480	969	2 0
July ...	480	625	2 0
August ...	503	555	2 0
September ...	575	495	1 6
October ...	629	579	—
Total ...	5090	6340	15 6

Total tons of stone crushed, 5080; total yield of gold, 6340oz, or an average of 1oz 5dwt per ton; dividends paid, 15s 6d, and say is 6d from the last return, will make a total of 17s per share paid since the 1st of January last.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3.

(Before Major Keddell, R.M.)

O. Pierce was charged by J. Byron with assaulting him at the Mount Pisa Hotel. The assault was proved, and being of an aggravated character the Bench fined accused £2, with costs, £3 2s.

A. McLaren was charged by the police with a breach of the Town and Country Police ordinance by driving across the Cromwell Bridge at other than a walking pace.—Fined 1s, with costs, 12s.

P. McHanay was charged by Harriet Robertson with larceny from her house of a bottle of spirits. After evidence had been taken, the Bench discharged accused on the ground of insufficiency of testimony against him.

CIVIL CASE.

Corporation of Cromwell v. D. Mackellar.—Claim for £20, rent alleged to be due for use and occupation of a Corporation reserve. Mr Wilson, for defendant, raised a non-suit point that no proof of occupation had been shown. The Bench adjourned decision for a week.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3.

(Before Major Keddell, Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

Extended Claims.—Sim Ping and two others, Lindis; A. Satherland, Nevils.—Granted.

Water Race.—Sim Ping and others, Lindis.—Granted.

Protection till 31st December was granted to W. Griffiths, Carrick Range.

The applications of Gen. M'Lachlan, John Saul, Thomas Anderson, A. McLeod, Ann B. Shade, and Charles Murray for areas of land under the 66th section of "The Mines Act, 1877," were further adjourned until communication can be made as to the mode of dealing with same by the Court.

The *New Orleans Times* announces that a Chicago woman will try to keep her mouth shut for three thousand quarter hours. We think she can do it if the quarters are spread over a sufficient space of time—ten years, let us say.

VOLUNTEER INTELLIGENCE.

At the Government inspection of the Cromwell Rifles last week there was a fair muster, and the evening's proceedings were gone through with spirit and precision. The inspection was conducted by Captain Brown, who thereafter handed the company over to Staff-Serjt.-Major Scully, who exercised the men in a variety of drill for over an hour. During the evening the Band, which was in full force, played selections of suitable music. Three recruits were sworn in and others proposed. We are pleased to learn that of late the popularity of Volunteering has increased in the district, the esprit having extended even to Bendigo, whence enquiries have been made to the commanding officer as to whether the services of a contingent from that locality would be accepted. We understand that the answer has not been encouraging, the distance from headquarters, some 12 miles, being thought too great. However, at Queenstown neither distance nor natural obstacles seem to stand in the way, for we notice that a contingent at Skipper's is engaging attention. If this can be carried out, then there is strong hope for Bendigo, as there is, as everybody knows, no comparison between the means of communication with the centres of Cromwell and Queenstown from Bendigo and Skipper's respectively.

At a meeting of the Cromwell corps after parade last week, among other matters dealt with was a circular from the officer commanding the District requesting the views of officers of companies as to the desirability of a uniform dress and color being adopted by all Volunteers in the colony. The matter was fully debated, and a motion and amendment placed before the meeting. The first endorsed the suggestion made in the circular, and recommended scarlet uniform, with helmet, &c., similar to that worn by the British line. The amendment was to the effect that the Company did not approve of a uniform dress for all Volunteers throughout the colony, and on a vote being taken this was carried.

Land remission certificates of the value of £30 each have been received in favor of eight members of the Queenstown Volunteers. These are granted under the "Waste Lands Administration Act, 1876," and entitle the holder—who must have served at least five years—to a "remission of £30 in or towards the purchase-money or price of any land within the Provincial District of Otago of which the holder may become the purchaser under any law or regulation for the time being in force for the disposal of waste lands of the Crown within such District." The certificates must be exercised with six months from date of issue, or the privilege will be barred.

The final competition for Capt. Brown's annual prize to the Cromwell corps—which this year takes the form of an aneroid barometer of unique and handsome pattern—took place on Saturday last, and resulted in Vol. Aitken, of the Bannockburn contingent, becoming the winner. Twenty members entered for the competition, but only four made such scores in the two first firings as justified them in finishing the contest. The match was a handicap, ranges 200, 400, and 600 yards, seven shots at each. The scores of those who fired throughout the competition were—

	Hdep.	1st	2nd	3rd	Tl.
		Comp.	Comp.	Comp.	
Vol A. Aitken	—	61	65	60	186
Serjt. Story	—	59	66	51	176
Vol. Menzies	8	52	60	40	164
Hon. mem. Stewart	25	50	47	42	164

Steps are already being taken for the next annual review of Middle Island Volunteers, which it is proposed shall be at Christchurch. On the 3rd instant, at a meeting of Volunteer officers it was resolved that the next review of the Middle Island Volunteers be held at Christchurch from Friday, December 26th, to Tuesday, 30th, inclusive. A sub-committee was appointed to wait upon the president of the Licensed Victuallers' Association, to obtain the cost of billeting a thousand visitors. If the answers prove satisfactory a collection of subscriptions will be at once commenced. Major Lean is going to Wellington to attend a meeting of the New Zealand Rifle Association, and was asked to interview the Minister for Railways with respect to giving free passes to Volunteers attending the review.

BENDIGO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

October 4.

In my last contribution to your paper I made reference to the very unsocial state of society here, pointing out the cause thereof, and attempted to mark out "a more excellent way," in which many have since begun to travel. As is the custom on the goldfields, so here—the week's work is ended at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, and instead of repairing to the grog shops, or elsewhere, in search of doubtful amusement, the young men betake themselves to the school-room, which has been kindly lent them by the trustees, Messrs R. Morris and W. Rooney, and there enjoy themselves, as well as entertain the crowds who come to see and hear them. The sweet music arising from four instruments makes the entertainment very enjoyable. But the religious scruples of some forbid their taking any part in such social gatherings, especially if any dancing be permitted, which they condemn as demoralising. Although I never indulged in "the graceful movement of the body adjusted by art to the measure or tunes of instru-

ments," yet I am by natural temperament utterly opposed to the position of those who are horrified at every demonstration of mirth and cheerfulness in social life, and who seem to think that everything decent and moral depends upon the style in which people carry their feet, as though they should not lift them above a certain height.

And speaking of religious scruples about dancing brings me to make some remarks on the spiritual state and condition of this place, and my notes in this paragraph of my epistle must in truth be considered rather encouraging. During the past six months we have had monthly ministrations by Mr Leech, home missionary in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Society, who is stationed at Ophir, with the intention of creating a circuit there. On last Sabbath he administered the sacrament of the Lord's Supper after the forenoon service, when a few availed themselves of the privilege of partaking thereof, it being the first time that such religious rite has been celebrated in these parts for many years past, if ever.

In recent issues of your paper you speak in very commendable terms of the liberality of the Bendigo miners, because they subscribed £50 to the Hospital and some £38 to assist a fellow-workman who met with an accident here lately, but the half has not been told you. While I write, two sheets of foolscap bear the names of many of my neighbors who are subscribing to the cause of religion. Both the priest and the parson have zealous advocates amongst us, and their worldly possessions will be a little augmented through the appeals made on their behalf at Bendigo.

I will try to scrape together a few remarks on mining—the source from which all in this place derive their living directly or indirectly, and on this subject I must be very brief, knowing as I do that outsiders profess to know a great deal more about mining matters here than I can tell them. Probably the latest news on this score is that the Cromwell Co. have just washed up another four weeks crushing, resulting in a cake of retorted gold weighing 580oz. Latterly the monthly returns from this mine have been much the same; but there is every probability that the returns henceforth will be on the increase. Everything about the mine and machinery looks healthy, and shortly five more head of stamps will be added to the 15 already at work, so that even better times are in store for Bendigo, and at the present time there is little cause to complain. The Mersey at Thompson's Creek is reported to have "struck it good," such is the latest news from the scene of operations, but I have not been to the place myself so that I cannot speak from personal knowledge whether the good news is truthful or otherwise, nor have I heard the rumour from any of the shareholders, some of whom are amongst the most enterprising men in the district, and should their sanguine expectations be realized it will only be their just deserts. One of them Mr Eastwood (familiarly known as "Yorkey") has been to the fore in almost every mining venture in Bendigo for many years past, and though unsuccessful in most of them still he is undaunted and courageous. Had this place been favored with men of his stamp, Bendigo would not be depending on one solitary mine for support, as at the present time.

ARROWTOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

October 4.

We are at present experiencing the invigorating breezes of the equinoctial gales. Bracing blasts of cold south winds charged with hail, snow, and sleet tend much to our domesticity, and confine growers to narrow limits, though the cold weather cannot be credited with limiting the growing. Snow is lying pretty thick, and at very low levels; but still there is no danger to be apprehended from floods, and it would appear as if the worst of the storm had passed away. The cold and wet will have a retarding influence on our vegetation in general, while the squatters will no doubt have to bewail many deaths amongst the young of their flocks.

Mr Finn, our new M.H.R., has telegraphed stating that a tramway to Macetown may be looked forward to as one of the first of his promises to be redeemed.

Another land sale is advertised in the Government Gazette to take place on the 30th instant, when the remainder of the land on the Crown Terrace will be offered to those who intend to settle.

The public crushing company has made a start on the Tipperary stone, which is now looking better than ever. The Homeward Bound has made a start in real good earnest about making some slight alterations in its management and financial resources.

The acclimatisation of salmon trout is now so far developed that fishing will shortly form a new branch of industry in our county. At the present time our sportsmen are chiefly confined to rabbits, although quail, pheasants, and some other game are sufficiently plentiful to afford no mean amount of sport.

Some time ago a movement was set on foot to start a branch school at the Arrow Junction, but no more has been heard of the consummation of so necessary a requirement. There is a large number of children at the Junction, and if a school was opened an attendance of upwards of 30 children might be counted upon. All possible pressure should be brought to bear to ensure the establishment of a school, and the appointment of a teacher, so as to have an efficient establishment in operation before the winter sets in.

News from Captain Jackson Barry and his book, as well as his adventure with the "Claimant," has formed the small talk of the town and neighborhood during the past week, giving rise to very varied comments.

Like the dog in the parable, the editor of the Arrow Observer persists in returning to his vomit. Pitchforked into and ignominiously clinging to his false position, his perception and his judgment (if ever he possessed either in a healthy state) have become perverted and warped. If, through his rather doubtful education as editor, truth appears to him a Gorgon instead of Minerva, the fault is his own, and he must bear the mortifying pang which the fear of detection naturally inflicts upon those who attempt to gain by falsehood and deception. Unfortunately, I write also for other than those who know me, and the satisfaction which the editor of the A. O. appears to derive from an appeal to those who know him cannot suffice to lull the duty I owe the public and the character of your paper, as your "own," into somnolence. In answer to an infamous paragraph in the A. O., I am compelled to emphatically repeat that the editor did refuse to print Mr Manders' posters; that he attempted to make political capital out of the refusal; that in the same paper in which he hypocritically held forth in a leader on the text of "peace upon earth and good will to all men," he published a paragraph dictated by spite and ill will, grossly misrepresenting and over-drawing a simple episode which occurred during the recent election.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

WELLINGTON, October 1.

A good deal of competition was shown this morning among those anxious to do honor to Mr Pyke. On the arrival of the Ringarooma a private brougham and several ex-Ministers were in attendance, and the object of so much attention was speedily escorted, pleased but mysterious, to the social sanctum provided by the country where members can recruit their spirits.

The Speaker refuses to issue a new writ for the Thames for 30 days, holding that such time must be given for petitions to be presented.

The speeches yesterday were above the average. The introductory speeches were the best heard for several years.

The New Zealand Times considers that Mr Hall's tameness of attack was politic. Mr Saunders laid himself open to ridicule. Sir George Grey succeeded well, considering the late hour at which he spoke.

The division monopolises all attention. There are no changes to report since last advices. Messrs Masters and McCaughan are hardening in Opposition views, as also are Messrs Dick and Fulton. The Opposition organisation is admirable.

Mr J. C. Brown is not acting as Government whip, as is generally supposed.

It is reported this morning on the authority of an ex-Minister, that if the Government are defeated the reconstruction of the Ministry would ensue, with Mr Macandrew as Premier, and Mr Ballance as Treasurer. It is also stated that Mr Pyke will support this reconstruction.

October 2.

Mr J. C. Brown, in a letter to the New Zealander this morning, in incidentally referring to the Vogel-cum-Hall Government in 1872, says: "The Hall Government then offered to myself anything for my vote. My reply was that I required nothing for myself, but that they should be honest in their dealings."

Mr Hall this afternoon rose to make a personal explanation to the House, and characterised Mr J. C. Brown's statement in this morning's New Zealander as an "unblushing and unmitigated falsehood." He appealed to Mr Gisborne, who immediately denied that such an offer had been made. Mr Brown then exonerated Mr Hall and Mr Gisborne, but said that the Select Committee which had been called for would prove all he had said.

On dit that Mr Murray, when sounded by the Ministerial whips, asked for a written assurance from the Premier that he would retire, in which case he would vote with the Government. Shortly afterwards the whips came back with a direct negative from Sir George; and Mr Murray at once gave his adhesion to the Opposition.

October 3.

The Government was defeated last night by a majority of two. The division resulted as follows:—For Mr Hall's amendment, 43; against it, 41. Major Te Wheoro voted with the Government, and Mr Pyke with the Opposition. During the division the galleries were literally crowded, and the greatest excitement prevailed. The result was received with acclamation, and Sir George Grey was greatly cast down. He had an anxious appearance, and several of his followers were crestfallen.

The following is the division list:—

Ayes.—Messrs Adams, Atkinson, Beetham, Bain, Bowen, Bryce, Dick, Driver, Fulton, Gibbs, Hall, Hirst, Hursthouse, Johnston, Kelly, Kenny, Levin, Mason, Masters, McLean, McCaughan, Moorhouse, Murray, Oliver, Pitt, Ormond, Pyke, Richmond, Rolleston, Russell, Saunders, Seymour, Stevens, Studholme, Sutton, Tamour, Trimble, Wakefield, Whitaker, Whyte, Willis, Wright.

Noes.—Messrs Allwright, Andrews, Barron, Ballance, Bunny, Colbeck, De Lautour, Fisher, J. B. (Ruller), Finn, Fisher, J. T. (Heathcote), George, Gisborne, Grey, Hamlin, Harris, Hislop, Hurst, W. J., Hutchison, Ireland, London, Macandrew, McDonald, Montgomery, Moss, Reeves, Reid, Seddon, Shanks, Sheehan, Shephard, Shrimski, Speight, Swanson, Tainui, Tawhia, Te Wheoro, Thomson, Tole, Turnbull, Wallis, Wood.

Pair: Aye—Brandon. No—J. C. Brown. Mr Pyke has declared himself with the Opposition for the present vote only. Like Mr Bryce and several others, he wants to oust Sir George Grey.

October 4.

The actual vote, if the second Thames member were returned and the Speaker counted, would be 44 for each side.

The Government supporters met to-day and will, I expect, decide to re-construct under

either Mr Macandrew or Mr Montgomery. The Opposition's chances of holding the Treasury seats will be much better if they can get on to them at once. The Hall Ministry will probably be—Mr Hall, Premier; Mr Atkinson, Treasurer and Lands; Mr Pitt, Attorney-General; Mr Whitaker, Postmaster-General; Mr Ormond or Wakefield, Works and Mines; Mr Rolleston, Education and Customs; and the Hon. G. Buckley or the Hon. Mr Waterhouse, in the Legislative Council.

The Ministerial party met at 11. 42 were present. The following resolution was passed, and given to the Press:—"That the members present are determined to take all steps necessary to preserve the Liberal party, and will resist coalition; and now adjourn till Monday at 11 to consider further what action shall be taken."—The meeting was unanimous.

It is believed that Sir George Grey will advise the Governor to send for Mr Macandrew, but it is deemed unlikely that the Governor will do so, but that he will follow the usual practice and send for Mr Hall.

It is extremely improbable that any coalition will be formed.

Notwithstanding the caucus, it is considered very probable that some of those who voted with the Government, having thereby relieved their consciences, will follow Mr Hall, in which case he would have a working majority. On the other hand, it is considered by many, and with apparently very good reason, that if Sir George Grey were got rid of, and Mr Macandrew or Mr Montgomery appointed Premier, several of the present Oppositionists would go over to the reconstructed Ministry.

Mr Pyke appears to be uncomfortable, as he was doubtful on which side to vote, and no doubt thinks that he would have turned the vote for the Government and dictated his own terms.

The conduct of many of the Government supporters is humiliating. Several strangers have expressed surprise at the difference between the Government and Opposition supporters, the latter being much more respectable and intelligent.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN NEWS.

[BY CABLE.]

(FROM DUNEDIN DAILIES.)

PARIS, September 29.

The birthday of the Comte De Chambord was celebrated by universal festivities and numerous banquets. Addresses were read of devotion, and predication of a speedy overthrow of the Republic.

LONDON, September 29.

The Prince of Wales is at Copenhagen. The boat race on the Thames between Higgins and Boyd was won by Boyd easily.

The agitation of farmers in Ireland for reduction of rents continues, and Mr Parnell is advocating payment in case the landlords refuse.

A Standard telegram from Berlin says that the Russian Commander has been ordered to relinquish the advance on Merv, and take a direct route to Herat.

October 1.

The revenue returns for the September quarter amount to £22,000,000, showing a decrease of £100,000 compared with last year.

A dividend of 3s 4d has been declared in favor of the depositors in the City of Glasgow Bank.

An agrarian outrage has taken place in Ireland. The agent of the Marquis of Sligo was attacked at Castlebar. One of the assailants was shot in the back.

The directors of the City of Glasgow Bank have been released.

BOMBAY, October 1.

On September 17th the Khyber column commenced to advance on Dakha, which they re-occupied unopposed.

Cholera exists among the troops at Khyber.

General Roberts was attacked by Ghilzais Mangats on the road to Alikheigh Khushi.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 1.

The Russian Government denies the defeat, and claims to have routed the Turcomans with a loss of several thousand, the Russian killed and wounded being only 435.

OTTAWA, October 1.

Princess Louise is about to visit England for the benefit of her health.

CALCUTTA, October 1.

General Roberts will advance on Cabul to-day or to-morrow.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 1.

Gordon Pasha has announced his intention of resigning, for the purpose of taking part in the war in India.

LONDON, October 2.

In reference to the assertion of the Russian Press that Germany is endeavoring to isolate Russia, the North German Gazette publishes an article declaring that Russia will only be isolated if Germany is compelled to seek supporters elsewhere. Germany desires a pacific policy.

The Tenant's Right Home Rule movement is extending to Ireland. Speeches of an extreme character are being made against the existing land tenure. The landlords are defiant, disregarding threats of violence. The Government, following the opinion generally expressed in England and also in the settled districts of Ireland, are concerting vigorous and repressive measures.

The British ironclad Achilles, which collided with a vessel off Alexandria, is seriously damaged.

The revenue shows a decrease of over half a million.

October 3.

Agrarian outrages are alarmingly increasing in Ireland.

In addressing a political meeting at Cambridge, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, M.P., attributed much of the prevailing distress to the Government neglect of Home affairs, wars being needlessly provoked in Afghanistan and Africa.

BOMBAY, October 4.

Shuturgardan was unsuccessfully attacked by independent tribes from the southward in the evening.

According to authentic information, communication is cut off on both sides of Shuturgardan.

The Indian Government is despatching reinforcements.

PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

The ship Benares, which came to grief some time ago when attempting to leave the Otago harbour has at length proceeded on her homeward voyage.

J. G. S. Grant writes to the Dunedin papers saying that he is sick and penniless, and he appeals to the citizens to relieve him—we hope with success.

Bishop Nevill and family arrived at Port Chalmers on Wednesday last, and was publicly received by the most prominent members of his Church.

The report that Ned Kelly was a passenger by the Chimborazo on her last homeward voyage is untrue. A convict from New Caledonia very like Ned Kelly embarked at Adelaide, and disappeared at the Suez Canal.

The Napier police have arrested a man who has been living amongst the Maoris in the Hawke's Bay province, on suspicion of being Alexander Grant, the clerk in the Dunedin Crown Grants Office who levanted about a couple of months ago.

Replying to a question recently the Government announced that it was prepared to place members of Fire Brigades in the same position with regard to capitulation as the Volunteer Forces of the colony. This ought to have the effect of infusing fresh spirit into all connected with those useful Associations.

Four deaths from causes other than "natural" occurred in New Zealand during the month of August, 1879. These comprised one suicide (by throat cutting) in Dunedin, one drowning in Wellington harbor, one child scalded to death at Christchurch, and one described as "accidental, undefined," at Christchurch.

We glean from the *Tuapeka Times* that at the meeting of the Lawrence Borough Council, held on Monday week, the Mayor told his colleagues that arrangements had been made with Government for the loan of £5,000, at 7 per cent. and that the loan could be had for 21 years. The information was received with applause, and we do not wonder at it. The present overdraft of the Lawrence Borough with their Bank is only £82 2s 3d.

The *Morning Herald* is informed that owing to the big wages now being made on the Mullocky Gully section of the Otago Central Railway by men who were recently numbered among the unemployed, a large number of men have deserted their sub-contracts on the Wingatua section, where they were earning from 5s to 8s per day. It is stated, on what appears to be excellent authority, that some of the men employed on the Mullocky Gully section are earning wages at the rate of 12s per day.

The Council of the New Zealand Rifle Association have issued a draft programme for their next meeting. The matches are somewhat similar to those of last year. One important addition there is, viz., that a larger number of £1 prizes are given in each match. There will be an average of about 20 prizes in each match, and eight of these are of equal value (£1). The Council will meet in Wellington during the current month, and finally decide upon the programme.

Election expenses during the past contest have been unusually heavy (says the *New Zealand Times*). Probably the most expensive trip which any candidate made during the general election was one said to have been taken by Mr Sheehan from Tauranga to Napier. It is stated that an offer was made by a certain coaching firm to do the trip in 48 hours for £100 or £150, but that the time mentioned did not suit the would-be member for Otago. Hence a far larger sum was agreed for, upon the understanding that the distance should be covered within 36 hours. Both the amounts paid and the time occupied in the above rumour may be grossly misstated for aught we know; but we shall be happy to correct any error which may have been made. It would take a Croesus to meet such lavish expenditure if often repeated.

THE SUEZ MAIL.

SYDNEY, October 2.

The following are the principal items telegraphed from Albany to-day:—

The London papers suppress a fashionable scandal which is much spoken of. It is said that the Prince of Wales, Lord Landsborough and Lord Lonsdale will be co-respondents in a divorce suit along with Mrs Langtrety, one of the fashionable beauties of the late London season.

George Augustus Sala is a passenger by the mail, and will do the two exhibitions in the interests of the London Telegraph.

A recognised leading agriculturalist estimates that the recent bad weather will result in a loss to the United Kingdom of £69,000, or three-fourths of the entire revenue of the country, viz., £28,000,000 worth of cereal and pulse crops, £15,000,000 worth of potatoes, £15,000,000 worth of grass and £1,000,000 worth of hops. The effect will be temporary disaster.

Holloway's Pills.—Weary of life.—Derangement of the liver is one of the most efficient causes of dangerous diseases, and the most prolific source of those melancholy forebodings which are worse than death itself. A few doses of these noted Pills act magically in dispelling low spirits, and repelling the covert attacks made on the nerves by excessive heat, impure atmospheres, over-indulgence, or exhausting excitement. The most shattered constitution may derive benefit from Holloway's Pills, which will regulate disordered action, brace the nerves, increase the energy of the intellectual faculties and revive the failing memory. By attentively studying the instructions for taking these Pills and explicitly putting them in practice, the most desponding will soon feel confident of a perfect recovery.

THE GOVERNMENT INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr Luckie's annual report of the Government Insurance Department has been laid before Parliament. It is the 10th report of the Department. It says:—"In the report of the immediately preceding year it was stated that the new business during that period had been greater than in any previous 12 months. I am gratified to be able to state that, notwithstanding the financial and commercial depression which has been experienced in the year reported on, the new business of the office, which had shown a falling-off during the first six months of the year, has in the whole period advanced even to somewhat beyond the amount which marked the new business of the preceding, and, in the commerce of the colony, much more prosperous year. The new proposals during the year numbered 2,767, for £971,461. Of these, 696 were either declined or incomplete. New policies were issued to the number of 2,071, representing an assured amount of £636,283. The total new premiums amounted to £25,323 9s 9d. The death claims made during the year, under 82 life policies, amounted to £30,100. These arose through 75 deaths. This shows a larger mortality than has occurred in the experience of the Department in former years. At the same time it should be noted that the amount paid per claim is more than 10 per cent. under the average of preceding years, while the number of policies has largely increased. Numerous as these deaths have been, they are still considered below the rate of mortality on which insurance tables are calculated. One remarkable circumstance in relation to the claims which have arisen is the fact that of the total number of deaths of assured persons (75 in all) no fewer than 17, or 22½ per cent., were caused by sudden and unexpected accidents. Seven of these were by drowning, and five from accidents with horses. The sums which were paid to representatives of victims amounted to £64,000, or a fifth of the whole amount payable for death claims in the period reported on. The number of lapsed policies during the year was 547. The policies issued for the nine and a-half years during which the Department has been in operation number 12,896, assuring the sum of £4,533,733. Of these, 2,582 have been discontinued by lapse, surrender, death, or otherwise, and there were at the close of the financial year 10,314 existing policies, assuring £3,744,997. The year's income derived from all sources, including £450 12s 5d from the Industrial Branch, was £133,072 14s 10d, showing an increase of £21,234 13s 11d over that of the previous year. The accumulated funds of the Department as at the 30th June last amounted to £372,654 14s 5d, giving an increase during the period of £7,959 10s 4d. In view of the trade depression already referred to, this increase is satisfactory, as showing the continued progress of the Department, and the spread of a prudent thrift among the inhabitants. The ratio of expenses to premium income shows a reduction of nearly 1½ per cent. compared with that of the previous year. The first division of profits will, after an actuarial investigation, take place on the close of the financial year now current—that is to say, after the 30th June, 1880, in accordance with statutory enactment. Tables are given showing the comparative advantage of insuring in the Government and other offices.

THE HON. JOHN HALL.

(From the *Lyttelton Times*.)

Mr John Hall is a public man of whom the colony, and especially Canterbury which owns him, has a right to be proud. Nature has not endowed him with excess in some parts and with deficiency in others, but she has made him good all round. The lantern in the lighthouse of his mind is not of the flashing order, and it does not revolve. Momentary brightness does not suddenly burst forth and as suddenly disappear, but the light shed is fixed, permanent and equable. Mr Hall is one of those men who are born to public life. In the nursery we can imagine that he preferred statistics to sugar plums, and playing at ministers to playing at marbles. As a schoolboy he could never have been so happy as with a *Hansard*, and his holidays must have been passed in moving for and preparing imaginary returns. He grew up a complete Blue-book in breeches. But Mr Hall is far more than a mere political encyclopædia. He is a man fit for any public business, and he delights in work. He will sit on any number of local boards, and only succumbs to the physical impossibility of sitting in two places at once. He is ever ready in his place in Parliament, and is as much at home in the clerical alteration of a clause in a Municipal Bill as in the midst of a Ministerial crisis. Whatever may be the subject, and however long the sitting, Mr Hall is never at a loss, and is seldom to be caught tripping. He is not an orator, and is not given to declamation; but he is a good debater, and what he says is not easily answered. He does not dash into a subject and then dash out again—with great gallantry and greater indiscretion, gaining nothing and losing much. He knows when and where to attack, and how to retreat. His industry is unwearied, and his energy is indomitable. In 1868, when Parliament was in session, Mr Hall, who was in the Stafford Ministry, and was then in the House of Representatives, undertook, in addition to his own proper share of the work, the duty of the Colonial Treasurer, who was then in England. Part of that duty was to bring in the Budget, in the face of a strong and violent opposition led by Sir W. (then Mr) Fox and Sir (then Mr) Julius Vogel. Mr Hall was overworked, and suffering from severe illness. He rose from a sick bed, and ably performed a task which would have taxed the powers of leading statesmen in good health. It was a remarkable instance of mental resolution compensating for bodily weakness. Had it not been for ill health and for his subsequent retirement from the House of Representatives, Mr Hall would long ago have been Premier. Although he would not probably have had the grasp of mind and the boldness to create and launch the Public Works policy of 1870, he was in many respects better qualified than Sir Julius Vogel to direct and administer it when launched. At the same time we do not intend to impute to Mr Hall any unconcern before 1870 in the formation of railways. It is mainly to him, as

one of the Canterbury Provincial Executive in 1865, that we owe the commencement of our great South railway.

Mr Hall has been five times a Minister of the Crown. He was in the Fox Ministry of 1866, in the Stafford Ministry of 1866, in the Fox Ministry of 1872, in the Waterhouse Ministry of the same year, and in the Atkinson Ministry of 1876. But he was in none of these Ministries more than a few months, except in the Stafford Ministry of 1866, of which he was a member for nearly three years. As he left no Ministry of which he became a member from political disagreement, and as it cannot be said with truth that in joining any Ministry he sacrificed his principles, his Ministerial career would show that there was no distinctive policy in those times on either side of the House. There was no doubt one exception in the case of the Stafford native policy of 1869, as compared with that of Mr Fox. But the events which had taken place between 1869 and 1872 obviated any possible objection on that ground to the accession of Mr Hall to the Cabinet of Mr Fox in 1872. A man would have been mad who in that year advocated a return to the war policy. Mr Hall was less able in departmental than in parliamentary affairs. He had a remarkable faculty for the despatch of business, for methodical arrangement, and for organisation. His chief attention was devoted to the Postal and Telegraph Departments, and he brought both to a state of great efficiency. The Telegraph Department he created, and in the face of trying difficulties it soon became eminently creditable to Mr Hall's administrative ability. Mr Hall is an excellent judge of character and qualification, and is very successful in the selection of public servants. That is a gift essential to good administration. As a member of the Canterbury Provincial Council, and in the Provincial Executive, Mr Hall has been zealous, able and useful. It would be difficult, take him all in all, to find a better type of politician.

GARDEN CALENDAR.

OCTOBER.

Kitchen Garden.—For the last 28 years (with the exception of 1864 and 1876) Otago has been visited with a storm in October, and this is generally accompanied by sharp frosts and heavy falls of snow. Those who have potatoes well advanced had better prepare for the worst by landing them well up, also covering the young shoots, and have some boughs, fern or straw in readiness to put over them on the first appearance of a frosty night. French beans will be in good time if sown next month. Seeds of any other vegetable may now be sown if not already put in; and any planting remaining unfinished had better be done at once. Sow celery in a rich, moist spot, and protect from heavy rains until it is well up. Sow melons and cucumbers on hot-beds, also vegetable marrow, pumpkins, squashes, tomatoes, capsicums, &c., to bring them forward to be planted out. Keep the Dutch hoe incessantly at work during sunshine. Stir up the surface of the ground as recommended in the directions for last month.

Fruit Garden.—In exposed places precautions should be taken without delay to shelter fruit trees in blossom. Some tall scrub stuck into the ground placed against a temporary rail, and secured with cord, will answer the purpose until more permanent shelter be provided—a matter which should never be lost sight of by those who wish to have productive gardens and comfortable dwellings. Remove weeds and dead leaves from strawberries, and apply a mulching of stable manure between the rows, to keep the plants moist during dry weather; the juice of the manure washed down by every shower, will prove beneficial. Trained peach and apricot trees may be disbudded, removing only a few at a time, to prevent a sudden check on the growth of the trees. On dry borders, mulch the roots of trained trees early. Avoid cropping too near fruit trees, as is too frequently done even by those who ought to know better; as if a few potatoes or cabbages could not be sacrificed for the sake of fruit-bearing trees.

Flower Garden.—Geraniums and other pot plants (in-doors) will require strict attention as to watering, and about once a week a good watering with clear liquid manure will benefit them. Forward plants will require shifting into larger pots, taking care always to have some well prepared mould in readiness for the purpose. Sow seeds of both tender and hardy annuals and perennials. Plant carnations, pinks, pansies and other flowering plants. Verbenas, scarlet geraniums, fuchsias and dahlias plant out towards the end of the month.

PROLONGING THE BLOOM.

No plant can continue in bloom if nature is permitted to do her work completely, for the going to seed exhausts the energies of any subject, and stops everything else. By constantly removing decaying flowers before a seed-pod can swell, the growth of the plant and the continued development of new buds and flowers upon the new growth are matters of course. Try the experiment upon the China rose. Two cottages, having fine plants covering their fronts, being in the hands of two different persons, frequently exhibit the most striking contrast—one a mass of flowers, while the other is bare; and those who pay no attention to the cause are, nevertheless, often surprised at the fact. If they look a little further into the matter, they would observe that the one is loaded with hips or seed vessels, which are swelling in great numbers, while in the other not a solitary berry could be seen. In the one case every bloom was trimmed off as fast as it faded, in the other they took their chance. So it will be found in many other cases. It is only necessary to cut away the dead flowers, and the season of bloom will be prolonged.

The *New York Herald* says that a clock is about the only thing in the world which manages to go on all the better when its affairs are being wound up. There are some men, however, who seem to have very carefully studied the peculiarity of the clock, and transferred it to some extent to their own business arrangements. They have a happy faculty of being worth nothing when their creditors become clamorous and demand a settlement, but the very moment their affairs are wound up away they go, cheerfully as ever, on tick, tick, tick.

FENCING WIRE, PLOUGHS, HARROWS,

And

ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best makers and Dunedin Prices quoted.

GRANT & MACKELLAR,
Cromwell.

MELBOURNE CUP, 1879.

122 NOMINATIONS. ADMISSION, £1.

First Cash	..	..	..	£900
Second Cash	..	..	..	450
Third Cash	..	..	..	270
Other Starters (divided) Cash	..	..	..	1,530
Non-starters (divided) Cash	..	..	..	2,250

Total Cash £5,400

Exchange (1s) to be added to country cheques. Two postage stamps necessary—one for reply and one for result.

Race will be run on the 4th November. Applications should arrive on or before MONDAY, 27th October.

Address—

ALFRED A. CAMERON,
Box 251; or, Prince of Wales Hotel, Dunedin.



THE PURE THOROUGHBRED ENTIRE HORSE HARUHA

Will Travel this Season

IN THE WAKATIPU AND CROMWELL DISTRICTS,

Commencing October 17, and calling every alternate week on Fridays at Cromwell, and at Perriam's Saturday and Sunday.

HARUHA is a Bay Horse, stands 15½ hands, with great substance and quality, good constitution and temper. Got by Towton—dam Fair Puritan by Oliver Cromwell out of Coronaria (imported), by Sweetmeat out of Jessica, by Launcelot, own brother to Touchstone

Towton (imported), own brother to the Peer and Marchioness, by Melbourne—dam Cinizelli by Touchstone.

Haruha is full brother to Orange Lightning, half-brother to Sinking Fund, Roebuck, Tambourini, Atalanta, Papapa, Korari, and Puriri (winner of the Dunedin Derby and Christchurch St. Leger). He was bred by Mr Redwood, and sold in 1872 as a yearling for 400 guineas.

For further pedigree, see card.

TOM BEAUFORT,

Proprietor.

Arrowtown, Lake County,
8th September, 1879.

OTAGO GOLDFIELDS.

Application for an Agricultural Lease.

District of Otago Goldfields,

Cromwell, September 29, 1879.

To the Warden, Cromwell.

I hereby apply for a Lease of Land for agricultural purposes, situate at Burnt Cottage Gully, adjoining Kidd's agricultural lease, and comprising 60 acres, or thereabouts, in accordance with the Agricultural Leases Regulations made under "The Mines Act, 1877."

JOHN ROBERTSON,

By his Agent, Jas. Marshall.

NOTICE.

The above application will be heard before me, at Cromwell, on the 17th day of October, 1879.

JACKSON KEDDELL,

Warden.

OTAGO GOLDFIELDS.

Application for an Agricultural Lease.

District of Otago Goldfields,

September 15, 1879.

To the Warden at Cromwell,

I hereby apply for a Lease of Land for agricultural purposes, situate at Frenchman's Creek, Mount Barker, on the land occupied and fenced and improved by me thereat, and now surveyed, and comprising 50 acres, or thereabouts, in accordance with the Agricultural Leases Regulations made under "The Mines Act, 1877," and the 66th section thereof.

HENRY MAIDMAN,

Per his Agent, Chas. Colclough.

NOTICE.

The above application will be heard before me, at Cromwell on the 10th day of October, 1879.

JACKSON KEDDELL,

Warden.

IMPORTANT TO FLOCK-MASTERS!!

COOPER'S SHEEP DIPPING POWDER IS THE CHEAPEST AND BEST.

It dissolves in Cold Water, and should be used in preference to any other Dip FOR TICKS, LICE, SCAB, AND FOR ALL OTHER SHEEP-DIPPING PURPOSES.

This Dip has been in use upwards of 30 years, and has never been equalled by any other; it of uniform strength, requires no boiling or hot water, does not stain the wool, and is equally good as a Summer and Winter Dip. It is especially recommended as a certain cure for Scab, and is thoroughly adapted to all the requirements of Colonial Sheep-owners.

Testimonial from JAMES ALEXANDER, Esq., WANGANUI, New Zealand.
To Mr W. COOPER, M.R.C.V.S.
"Four years ago a merchant in Wanganui, New Zealand, had eight cases of your Sheep Dipping Powder, which he asked me to try. Not having used it before, I hesitated to try it on a large scale, so I took a few packets, and dissolved them according to your directions, and filled my Dipping Bath, which is about 5 ft deep. I then selected some old ewes for the experiment, caring but little whether I killed them or not. I made them jump into the bath, and those that did not go over the head in the liquid were pushed under by a man with a stick. I allowed them to remain in the dip about the time you prescribe, and then let them walk out, which, by the construction of our bath, they were enabled to do. They stood on the dripping board until dry, and were then turned out to grass, and not one of them was injured in the least. This experiment proved to me that your Dipping Powder could be used with safety on a large scale, so I purchased the eight cases of Powder already referred to, and dipped my whole flock, numbering 10,000 sheep, in the same way, and did not lose one. I dipped for Lice, which had been very bad in my flock for years; and I have now got entirely clear of them through the use of your Powder. I still dip very year, as I think your preparation fosters the growth of Wool. I have not seen your Dip tried for Scab, but have been told by my neighbors that it is as good for Scab as it is for Lice.
"After the effective cure of my flock, the demand for your Powder became great, and orders were sent to Melbourne and other places where it could be got, and the merchant before spoken of got shipments from England, as you must be quite aware.
"I have dipped over 50,000 sheep with it, and never lost but one, and that one was seen licking its flanks just after it left the bath. I have no difficulty in dipping 1000 to 1200 in the day of eight hours with three men. I consider that with ordinary care your Dipping Powder is as safe on a large scale in the Colonies as it is with the small flocks in England. The chief point to mind is that the sheep are quite dry before they are turned out to grass."

PREPARED ONLY BY
WILLIAM COOPER,
Member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons,
CHEMICAL WORKS, BERKHAMSTED, ENGLAND.
Sold in Packets (with plain directions) sufficient on an average for Twenty Sheep.

AGENTS IN NEW ZEALAND:
Messrs FELTON, GRIMWADE & CO., Wellington.
Messrs KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & CO., Dunedin, Auckland and Christchurch.
Messrs DRUMMOND & ALEXANDER, Wanganui.
Messrs BARRAUD & SON, Chemists, Wellington.

COOPER'S PAMPHLET ON
SCAB IN SHEEP, AND HOW TO CURE IT.
May be had post free from any of the above-named Agents.



COACH TO LAKE WANAKA.

KIDD'S MAIL COACH
Leaves Goodger's Hotel, Cromwell, *
FOR LAKE WANAKA
Every
WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY
Morning, at 7 o'clock, returning the following day.

Booking Office for Passengers and Parcels:
GOODGER'S HOTEL, CROMWELL.

COBB & CO.'S TELEGRAPH LINE OF ROYAL MAIL COACHES

Leave Cromwell for Dunedin every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at the usual hour; and leave Cromwell for Queenstown every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY.

Dunedin Booking Office for Parcels:
PARCEL BOOKING OFFICE,
Railway Department, Dunedin.
H. CRAIG & Co.,
PROPRIETORS.
Head Office: Peel-street, Lawrence.

GEORGE MATTHEWS, NURSERYMAN & SEEDSMAN, DUNEDIN, HAS ON SALE—

Fruit Trees of all sorts
Forest Trees in great variety
Gooseberry and Currant Bushes
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs
Boxwood Plants for edging walks
Rhubarb Roots
Lawn Grass Seed
Farm Seeds and Garden Seeds of every description and all thoroughly genuine

Catalogues and Special Lists on application.

Agency at Cromwell:
ARGUS SEED WAREHOUSE.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA. BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold only in packets or tins, labelled:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINES.
LONDON.

NEW ZEALAND STAMP DUTIES.

Affidavits or Declaration	£0 2 6
Agreements where the value is of £20 or upwards	0 1 0
Ditto, deed, 10s, counterpart	0 2 6
Annual License, Joint Stock Company, on every £100 of nominal capital	0 1 0
Appointments of power over property	0 10 0
Bill of Exchange, on demand	0 0 6
Ditto ditto, inland, not on demand, for every £50 or part thereof	0 1 0
Bill of Lading, or receipt, or copy	0 1 0
Certificate of Incorporation	5 0 0
Cheque or Draft for any sum	0 0 1
Conveyance, for every £50, or part thereof	0 5 0
Deed of Settlement, for every £100, or part thereof	0 5 0
Deeds not otherwise charged	0 10 0
Lease, without premium, for every £50 or part thereof annual rent	0 2 0
Ditto, with premium, with or without rent, or with premium and annual rent of £20 or more, same rate as Conveyances, on the premium and rent; Counterpart of Lease	0 2 6
Policy of Insurance, Marine, for every £100, or part thereof	0 1 0
Ditto, not exceeding six months, for every £100, 1s; twelve months	0 2 0
Power of Attorney	0 10 0
Promissory Notes on demand	0 0 1
Ditto, other than to bearer, on demand, not exceeding £25, 6d; not exceeding £50, 1s; and for every additional £50, or part	0 1 0
Receipt for £2 or upwards	0 0 1
Transfer of Shares, where purchase money does not exceed £20, 1s; £50, 2s 6d; £100, 5s; exceeding £100, for every £50 or part thereof	0 2 6
Transfer of Station or Run (except as a mortgage), for every £100 of value	0 10 0

TELEGRAPHIC CHARGES.

INLAND.
The rate for Inland Telegrams of ten words is 1s, and 1d extra for every additional word. On Sundays these rates are doubled. No charge for addresses and signature up to ten words—1d each beyond that number.

FOREIGN.
The following are the Rates for Telegrams for twenty words or less (including Melbourne or Sydney rates) via Port Darwin and the Java Cable:—

Austria	£ 5 6	London	£ 9 8
Belgium and Holland	9 6 0	Portugal	9 9 0
Denmark	9 6 0	Russia	9 6 0
France	9 6 0	Spain	9 8 0
Germany	9 6 0	Sweden	9 8 0
Great Britain	9 6 0	Switzerland	9 4 6
Italy	9 3 6	Turkey	9 8 0

Via Sydney the rates are 3s more throughout.

Telegraph Offices are open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. on week days, and from 10 to 10.30 a.m. and 5 to 5.30 p.m. on Sundays.

NEW ZEALAND CABLE.

(In addition to New Zealand charges.)
Telegrams for Sydney only.—First ten words, 8s; each additional word, 9d.
All other stations in New South Wales.—First ten words, 8s 6d; each additional word, 10d.
All stations in Victoria.—First ten words, 9s 6d; each additional word, 11d.
All stations in South Australia, exclusive of overland line tariff.—Same as Victoria.
All stations in Tasmania.—First ten words, 13s 6d; 1s per word for Australian and New Zealand Cable, and 2s for every additional five words or fraction of five words for Tasmanian Cable.
Messages for London and places in Europe (a word rate).—Ten shillings and sixpence per word; to which must be added Australian Cable and Australian charges.—First ten words or fraction, 9s 6d, and every word after ten, 11d per word.

Miscellaneous.

DUNSTAN BREWERY

COLONIAL WINE AND CORDIAL
MANUFACTORY,
MONTE CHRISTO, CLYDE.

J. D. FERAUD

Takes the present opportunity of informing the residents of the Northern Goldfields and the general public that his factory being replete with every convenience, he is now turning out an article not to be equalled. Mr Feraud has succeeded in producing

AROMATIC TONIC BITTER WINES,

which are not only agreeable beverages, but also have excellent medicinal qualities. The following is Professor Black's report:—

"University, Dunedin, Otago, N.Z.
"Laboratory.

"Class—Beverages.

"November 5, 1875.

"I have examined for Mr J. D. Feraud, of Monte Christo, Clyde, Otago, two samples of Aromatic Tonic Bitters, with the following result:—No. 827 is a berry colored, and No. 828 is a port wine red colored liquid; they are both perfectly transparent, showing the purity of the water and other substances employed in their manufacture.

"These two beverages have a slight acid chemical reaction, and possess an agreeable cool bitter taste, blended with a sensation of sweetness, arising from the saccharine matter of the fruit of which they are the fermented extract.

"I have also examined the aromatic and other flavoring substances used by Mr Feraud in their manufacture, and from the proportions in which they are blended with the fruit wine, they must be pronounced perfectly safe, and free from anything like deleterious properties.

"I consider these wines, therefore, an agreeable and perfectly safe beverage, and when diluted with three or four times their bulk of water, they will make a good cooling summer drink.

"JAMES G. BLACK,
"Provincial Analyst."

COLONIAL WINES,
CORDIALS, AND SYRUPS,
Either in bulk or bottle.

Orders from any part of the Province punctually attended to.

J. D. FERAUD.

MEDICAL HALL, ARROWTOWN.

E. GRUBER,

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,
Vendor of Pure Drugs and Chemicals, Patent Proprietary Medicines.

Fancy Goods, Stationery, Account and School Books, &c.

HORSE AND CATTLE MEDICINES.

Agent for THE CROMWELL ARGUS.

ROBERT BOYNE, GENERAL STOREKEEPER AND NEWS AGENT, BALLARAT-STREET, QUEENSTOWN.

Agent for all the principal Home and Colonial Newspapers and Periodicals, which are received regularly by every mail.

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MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE

LOUIS HOTOP,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDOR.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Impurity of the Blood.—Enfeebled Existence.

This medicine embraces every attribute required in a general and domestic remedy; it overturns the foundation of disease laid by defective food and impure air. In obstruction or congestion of the liver, lungs, bowels, or any other organs, these Pills are especially serviceable and eminently successful. They should be kept in readiness in every family, being a medicine of incomparable utility for young persons, particularly to those of feeble constitutions.

Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Headache and Lowness of Spirits.

These Pills effect a truly wonderful change in debilitated constitutions, as they create a healthy appetite, correct indigestion, remove excess of bile, and overcome giddiness, headache, and palpitation of the heart.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these pills are famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, removing dangerous congestions, and renewing suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, these Pills never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Nervous Debility.

Persons who feel weak, low, and nervous, may rest assured some serious ailment is looming in the distance, against which instant action

should be taken. These renowned Pills present the ready means of exciting energetic action on the liver, liberating accumulated bile, and lifting at once a load from the spirits and expelling a poison from the body.

Indigestion, Stomach, and Liver Complaints.

Persons suffering from any disorders of the liver, stomach, or other organs of digestion, should have immediate recourse to these Pills, as there is no medicine known that acts on these particular complaints with such certain success.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver-Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colic	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scurvy, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Dolorous
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from what ever cause
Indigestion	&c &c &c

Each pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London," engraved thereon.

On the Label is the address, 533, Oxford Street London, where alone they are manufactured.

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HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT
With a "New York" Label.

"Lives of great men all remind us
We can make our lives sublime;
And, departing, leave behind us
Footprints on the sands of time."

THE above is read with great interest by thousands of young men. It inspires them with Hope; for, in the bright lexicon of youth, there is no such word as fail. Alas! say many, this is correct—is true with regard to the youth who has never abused his strength and to the man who has not been "passion's slave."

But to that youth, to that man—who has wasted his vigor, who has yielded himself up to the temporary sweet allurements of vice, who has given unhindered license to his passions—to him the above lines are but as a reproach. What Hope can he have? What aspirations? What chance of leaving his footprints on the sands of time? For him, alas! there is nought but dark despair and self-reproach for a lost life.

For a man to leave his footprints on the sands of time he must be endowed with a strong brain and nervous power. He must possess a sound, vigorous, healthy mind in a healthy body—the power to conceive, the energy to execute! But look at our Australian youth! See the emaciated form, the vacant look, the listless hesitating manner, the nervous distrust, the senseless, almost idiotic expression. Note his demeanour and conversation, and then say, Is that a man to leave his footprints on the sands of time.

Do parents, medical men and educators of youth pay sufficient attention to this subject? Do they ever ascertain the cause of this decay; and having done so, do they (as a strict sense of duty demands) seek the skilled advice of the medical man, who has made this branch of his profession his particular speciality, whose life has been devoted to the treatment of these cases? Reader, what is your answer? Let each one answer for himself. Parents see their progeny fading gradually before their sight; see them become emaciated old young men, broken down in health, enfeebled, unfitted for the battle of life. Yet one word might save them, one sound and vigorous health-giving letter from a medical man, habituated to the treatment and continuous supervision of such cases, would, in most instances, succeed in warding off the impending doom of a miserable and gloomy future, and, by appropriate treatment, restore the enervated system to its natural vigor, and ensure a joyous and happy life.

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